NOP §205.237

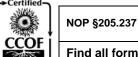
FEED, FEED ADDITIVES & WATER

OSP SECTION:

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Page 1 of 3

eration Name:		Date:			
Complete a separate form for each species	of animals to be certified.				
The NOP defines a class of animal as a group of livestock that shares a similar stage of life or production. The classes of animals are those that are commonly listed on feed labels.					
	es must be maintained and available for review at inspections. Records may include, but are not ortation records, organic certificates, feed harvest records and feed as fed records. See				
Species of animals described by this form (e.g.: Cows, Ducks, Hens, Hogs, etc.)	_				
Feed Ration for Non-Ruminants					
 N/A. I do not have organic non-ruminant animals on my operation. Skip to Section B: Feed Ration for Ruminants. 					
-	Describe feed rations for each production group (e.g. Chicks, laying hens, hogs, etc.). Attach additional pages as needed.				
Production Group	Type of Feed or Supplement	Amount Per Animal in lbs. (specify unit of time)			
Example: Chicks 0-12 weeks	Organic 20% Chick Starter	1 lb. per week			
Example. Chicks 0-12 weeks	Organic dried kelp meal	.25 lbs per week			
Poultry Operations Only: Describe how your operation ensures feed rations do not exceed maximum allowances for methionine as outlined in 205.603(d)(1).					
Maximum rates are averaged per ton of feed over the life of the flock: Laying chickens - 2 pounds; broiler chickens - 2.5 pounds; turkeys and all other poultry - 3 pounds.					
☐ N/A. None of my rations include any methionine.					
☐ No individual ration exceeds maximum rates listed in 205.603(d)(1). Individual ration sheets listing methionine content are attached.					
☐ Purchase lifetime ration from a certified organic feed handler who provides ration schedule to meet this requirement.☐ Other, describe:					



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SECTION: L3.0

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Page 2 of 3

-organic - c						
В.	Feed Ration for Ruminants					
	□ N/A. I do not have organic ruminant animals on my operation. Skip to Section D. Water.					
1)	Submit one of the following for all rations fed to all classes of animals during the grazing and nongrazing seasons:					
	CCOF Single Ration Dry Matter Intake (DMI) Calculation Worksheet for each class and ration are attached.					
	Animals consume 100% pasture during the grazing season and the grazing season is at least 120 days per year. I provide supplemental feed in the non-grazing season.					
	A sample feed-as-fed record for this feeding is attached.					
	My animals solely receive 100% pasture for 365 days per year.					
	Feed Rations and DMI Calculations for each class are on my own forms. These forms are attached along with a description of how to interpret and audit these forms.					
2)	What is your method for documenting feed as fed when feeding practices differ from your approved ration(s)?					
□ N/A, I feed exactly what is described as my ration on CCOF's DMI Calculation Worksheets.						
	I maintain calculations of all feed as fed in a spreadsheet, calendar, logbook or other record. (Attach a sample).					
	Other, describe:					
3)	How do you document total grazing days by production group for the grazing season?					
٠,						
	☐ Calendar (Attach a sample). ☐ Logbook (Attach a sample).					
	☐ I use grazing management software that documents the movement of my animals.					
	Other, describe:					
4)	What is your method for calculating dry matter intake from pasture during the grazing season to ensure that your ruminant animals graze at least 30% of their dry matter demand from pasture over the grazing season? <i>Check all that apply:</i>					
	☐ I utilize CCOF's Grazing Season Dry Matter Intake Summary Worksheet for each production group.					
	☐ I maintain a spreadsheet of my own making. (Attach a sample).					
	☐ I only provide small amounts of supplemental feed to animals sporadically throughout the year. I record these occasional					
	supplemental feedings in a manner that can be used to calculate dry matter fed per animal. (Attach a sample).					
	Other, describe:					
5)	Does your operation grain finish ruminant slaughter stock?					
-,	Ruminant slaughter stock, typically grain finished, shall be maintained on pasture for each day that the finishing period					
	corresponds with the grazing season for the geographical location: Except, that, yards, feeding pads, or feedlots may be used to					
	provide finish feeding rations. Continuous total confinement of ruminants in yards, feeding pads, and feedlots is prohibited. The finishing period shall not exceed one-fifth (1/5) of the animal's total life or 120 days, whichever is shorter. §205.239(a)(1)&(d). N/A, I do not grain finish ruminant slaughter stock					
	☐ Yes. List finishing period length and typical slaughter age:					
C	Dry Matter Demand					
٥.	Organic ruminant producers shall provide the method for calculating dry matter demand and dry matter intake. §205.237					
4.	Signific farming the production of the method for concluding dry matter definition and dry matter make. 9200.207					

 Complete the table below or attach additional sheets with all information requested below for all classes of animals. You may use the Dry Matter Demand tables provided by the National Organic Program or by CCOF for estimating dry matter demand.

☐ Sheet(s) attached

Class of Animal (e.g.: milking string, dry cows, heifers, calves, etc)	Approximate Body Weight	Dry Matter Demand
	Lbs	Lbs/day
	Lbs	Lbs/day
	Lbs	Lbs/day

NOPB19, V3, 12/31/2023 Page 2 of 3



NOP §205.237

Class of Animal

FEED, FEED ADDITIVES & WATER

Approximate Body Weight

OSP L3.0

Dry Matter Demand

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Page 3 of 3

	(c.g.: minking string, dry cows, noncrs, carves, ctc)						
		Lbs	Lbs/day				
		Lbs	Lbs/day				
2)	How have you determined the dry matter demand figure reported above? I use a known reference to estimate the dry matter demand. Be prepared to show your references at inspections. I utilize a nutritionist to determine dry matter demand I use rations fed during the non-grazing season (no pasture fed) to determine dry matter demand I use a percentage of the animal's body weight to determine DMD. The percentage I use is:						
	Water Describe how you ensure your animals receive clean water for drinking year-round.						
2)	Do you add anything to the drinking water to supplement the health and nutrition of your animals? (e.g.: organic apple cider vinegar, electrolytes, etc.) No Yes. List specific materials on your Livestock Materials Application (OSP Materials List)						
3)	What is the source of your animals' drinking water?						
	☐ Well ☐ Reservoir ☐ Water district (name):						
	River, stream, or lake (name):						
4)							
E.	Feed Suppliers						
1)	How do you source organic feed? Check all that apply:						
	List all feed suppliers on your <u>L7.1 Suppliers</u> . Directly from certified organic operations.						
	☐ Purchase feed from a retail feed store that is in sealed and tamper-evident final retail packaging.						
	☐ I grow my own organic feed ingredients.	-					
	☐ I mix and/or mill my own organic feed. <i>Complete</i> L8.0 <i>Li</i> ☐ Other, describe:	vestock Product Handling to descri	be feed mixing facility.				
F.	Food Sunnlements and Additives						
ı	Feed Supplements and Additives Feed supplements and additives are anything you add to livestock feed for a specific nutritional need or to improve nutrient balance of the total ration. All agricultural ingredients in feed supplements and additives, such as molasses, must be organic. All feed supplements and additives used must be reviewed and approved by CCOF prior to use.						
1)	List all feed supplements and additives, including vitamins, r (OSP Materials List). Update your OSP Materials List direct						
	N/A. I do not provide supplements/minerals to my organic	· ·					