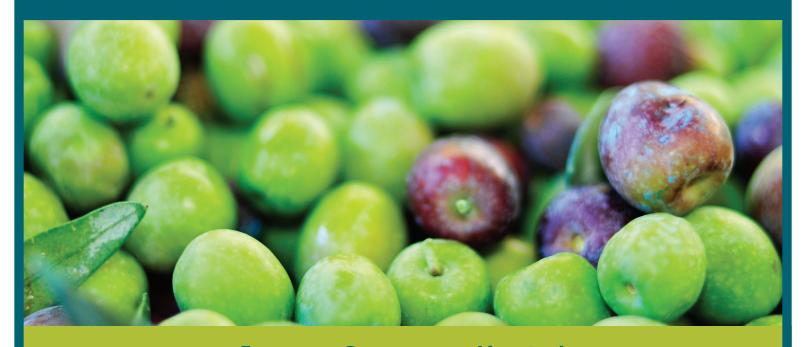


ORGANIC CERTIFICATION

Service, Support & Integrity



Farmers • Processors • Livestock
Services • Private Labelers • Ingredients • Retailers

CCOF advances organic agriculture for a healthy world. We advocate on behalf of our members for organic policies, support the growth of organic through education and grants, and provide organic certification that is personal and accessible.

We're your partner in the organic movement. We make organic certification seamless by providing:

- Online certification management
- Personal service throughout the United States
- International export services
- Food safety services
- Certification support tools
- An "Organic is Non-GMO & More" seal



CCOF is accredited by the U.S. Department of Agriculture to certify to the National Organic Program standards.

To learn more, visit www.ccof.org »



- CCOF recommends beginning the application process with sufficient time before certification is required to allow for the necessary inspection and review process. While in some cases certification can be provided in a very short time frame, providing up to twelve weeks is recommended. Expedited services are available.
- Please keep a copy of all documents submitted to CCOF for your records.
- See www.ccof.org/certification/how or contact us with questions. Find all forms at www.ccof.org/documents.
- Complete and send the following to apply for certification:
 - CCOF Certification Contract (this 5-page form)
 - Organic System Plan (OSP) forms and attachments
 - Carefully review the Organic System Plan (OSP) Guides applicable to your operation, and complete all forms indicated:
 - **Guide to Grower OSP Forms**
 - **Guide to Livestock Producer OSP Forms**

	 Guide to Handle 	OSP Forms					
	 \$350 Application fee 						
	 Non-refundable and de 						
	☐ My credit card infor	mation is on page 5	other form of payment				
	☐ I have a discount c	ode:					
	Email to: inbox@ccof.org Or	Mail to: CCOF, 877 Cedar Street, Suite 24	8, Santa Cruz, CA 95060				
•	How did you hear about CCOF	?					
١.	Company Information						
l)	Business Name:						
	DBA:						
	Website:						
	Phone:	Ext:	Fax:				
2)	Business Information:						
	Federal Tax ID#:						
	☐ Sole Proprietorship. Owner's Name:						
	Partnership. Owner's Names:						
	☐ Corporation –OR– ☐ LLC. State of incorporation:						
	Name of owners, or officers	and their titles:					
3)	Physical Location of Your Operation.						
	Where organic production occurs, or records are kept (for broker/trader/private label owners). Your physical location will be inspected and will be listed on your organic certificate:						
	Address:	-	City:				
	State/Province:	Zip/Postal Code:	Country:				
!)	Mailing Address if different:		-				
	Address:		City:				
	State/Province:	Zip/Postal Code:	Country:				
5)	Billing Address if different:						
	Address:		City:				
	State/Province:	Zip/Postal Code:	Country:				
3)	Preferred language for commun	nication: English Spanish (most CCC	DF forms & materials available in Spanish)				

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7)



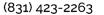


Preferred written communication method:

Email

Postal Mail









B. Organic Operation Summary

1)		c operation. Describe or attach a summary of the complete Organic System Plan you submit.	description of your organic b	usiness or plans.			
2)	all your practices and procedure	our entire Organic System Plan to verify it is es? licants shall provide CCOF with an adequate		nd ensure it accurately reflects			
	☐ Annually ☐ Quarterly ☐	Monthly					
	Other (describe):						
C.	Contact Information						
1)	Primary Contact						
	Please designate one person in your operation to be CCOF's Primary Contact. This person will be listed in the CCOF online directory and in the National Organic Program Organic Integrity Database (OID). This person should be knowledgeable of your operation, your Organic System Plan, your operation's activities, applicable organic standards, and have the authority to act on behalf of the company. All communication will be sent to this contact.						
	Name:	Title:					
	Phone:	Email(s):					
2)	Additional Contacts						
	Please list all people at your operation authorized to conduct inspections, meet with inspectors, modify the OSP, or otherwise act on behalf of the company. Check the CC box for contacts that should receive all communication along with the Primary contact listed above. Attach an additional list if necessary.						
				CC: □			
	Name/Title	Phone number	Email	CC: □			
	Name/Title	Phone number	Email				
				CC:			
	Name/Title	Phone number	Email				
D.	Certification Program In	formation					
1)	-	u applying to be certified to? Check all that					
	For more information about CCOF certification programs, or to determine which program(s) you need, visit www.ccof.org/standards to review the CCOF Certification Services Program Manual or contact us by phone or email.						
	☐ USDA National Organic Program (NOP) Compliance Base program for operations in the US or Mexico. Farm operations converting to organic production with intention to be certified under the NOP will be reviewed for transitional certification.						
	Complete the Organic System Plan.						
	☐ Canadian Organic Regime Compliance						
	Base program for operations in Canada only. Complete the COR Organic System Plan.						
	CCOF Global Market Access Program:						
	Export verification for: US to Canada, the EU/UK, Japan, Korea, Switzerland, and Taiwan; Mexico to Canada; Canada to the US, the EU/UK, Japan, Switzerland, and Taiwan. Complete the GMA application .						
	☐ CCOF Mexico Compliance						
		lexico; export verification for shipments to M	lexico. Complete the Mexico	Compliance Program			
2)	Does this operation produce or		Organic and transitional	orodust(s)			
	☐ Both organic and nonorganic	c product(s)	Organic and transitional p	noduci(s)			

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3)		ase indicate any markets you export or plan to export to, directly or indirectly (as an ingredient or thr Canada Europe/UK Japan Korea Taiwan Switzerland Mexico Other:	ough brok	kers/traders etc.).
4)	Ву	what date do you anticipate the need for certification?		
		e certification process could take 12 weeks or longer. If you need a shorter timeline you can enroll in rvice.	the Expe	dited Certification
5)		his operation currently certified organic?		
		No Yes, attach certificate and completed Certification Transfer Form.		
6)	NO	s this operation or any responsibly connected person with this operation ever applied for, or been gra P 205.2 "Responsibly connected" - Any person who is a partner, officer, director, holder, manager, re of the voting stock of an applicant or a recipient of certification or accreditation.		
		No. Skip to section E.		
	a)	Was the operation's or any responsibly connected person with this operation's certification or the certification of fields or products ever suspended or revoked?	☐ Yes	□ No
	b)	Did you surrender your certification with outstanding non-compliances or conditions?	☐ Yes	□ No
	c)	Was your application for organic certification ever issued a denial?	☐ Yes	□ No
	d)	Did you withdraw your application for certification with outstanding non-compliances?	☐ Yes	□ No
7)	-	ou answered yes to a, b, c, or d above, please list the years and agencies, attach a copy of all releva all corrective actions:	ant letter(s	s) and a description
	Yea	ar(s):		Letters Attached
	Coi	rrective actions taken:		
live	stocl duct	Program webpage or contact your local County Agricultural Commissioner for more information if you k, or process meat, fowl, or dairy products. Contact the Department of Health Services if you process. [California Organic Products Act of 2003]. ifornia Organic Program Registration number (grower and post harvest handling). Example: 12-1234	s or hand	
2)	Dep	partment of Health Services Organic Registration number (processing). Example: 12345:		
F.	 An	nual Certification Fee		
insp info Cer	oection orma tifica men	will estimate and invoice your certification fee based on the information provided below and collected ons. Please refer to the CCOF Certification Services Program Manual for fee information. If you cation requested below, you cannot move forward in the certification process and your inspectation fees must be paid prior to issuance of certification. Enter your credit card information on part. Operations: Current or expected total value of certified organic production/sales/services (gross, new contents).	do not pr tion will t ge 4 or a	ovide the be delayed. Itach another form of
	a)	Farm and Livestock operations: Current or expected cost of certified organic product purchased, transplants (next 12 months) and service fees charged by certified organic co-processors, custom subtracted from the amount in line 1 to determine your annual certification fee.		
	b)	Handlers/processors/private labelers and other non-farm businesses: Current or expected co ingredients/products purchased (next 12 months) and service fees charged by certified organic co-subtracted from the amount in line 1 to determine your annual certification fee.		
	c)	Retail and Restaurant operations: Current or expected number of stores (next 12 months).		

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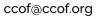




Op	Operation Name: Date:					
G. ▶	The	rtification Contract and Agreement efficiency for the following must be signed by a legally authorized representative of an operation and by all applicants for certification by OF CS (CCOF).				
		signing this document, the applicant acknowledges that it has received, has read, fully understands, and agrees to be und by the terms of the CCOF CS Certification Manuals and further agrees to:				
1)	pro Mai	operations and any responsibly connected person seeking NOP certification: Comply with all State and applicable organic duction and handling regulations as described in rules issued by the United States Department of Agriculture Agricultural rketing Service (including those regulations in 7 CFR Part 205 and the NOP Handbook as published on the USDA AMS NOP osite).				
2)		operations seeking COR certification: Comply with all Province and applicable organic production and handling regulations as cribed in rules issued by the Canada Food Inspection Agency				
3)		operations seeking CCOF GMA or International Standard certification: Comply with the requirements set forth in the CCOF GMA nternational Standard Certification Manual, respectively.				
4)		all operations: Comply with and strictly adhere to all CCOF standards, procedures and policies set forth in the CCOF Manuals uding but not limited to the following:				
	a)	Establishing, implementing, and updating annually an Organic System Plan that will be submitted to CCOF.				
	b)	Permitting on-site inspections at least once per calendar year with complete access to the production or handling aspects of the operation, including non-certified production areas, structures, or offices by CCOF. These inspections may be announced or unannounced at the discretion of CCOF or as required by an accreditation authority, government entity with jurisdiction, or other governing body.				
	c)	Maintaining all records applicable to the organic operation for not less than five (5) years beyond their creation.				
	d)	Allowing authorized representatives of CCOF, an accreditation authority, government entity with jurisdiction, or other governing body access to these records under normal business hours for review and copying to determine compliance with the applicable standards, regulations or governing law.				
	e)	Understanding CCOF may use subcontractors for inspecting, testing and other technical services, as necessary.				
	f)	Submitting to CCOF any applicable fees as described on the most current fee schedule.				
	g)	Immediately notifying CCOF concerning any application, including drift, of a prohibited substance to any field, production unit, site, facility, livestock, or product that is part of an operation.				
	h)	Immediately notifying CCOF of any change in your certified operation or portion of it that may affect its compliance with the applicable standards, regulations or governing law.				
	i)	Using the CCOF name and seal(s) only in accordance with CCOF standards and ceasing all use of CCOF's name and seal upon notice by CCOF. Any use of CCOF's names or marks, without the express consent of CCOF, is strictly prohibited and constitutes an infringement of CCOF's rights. CCOF shall be entitled to its reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in bringing any civil action, arbitration, or mediation to enforce its rights to its names or marks.				
	j)	Destroying or returning to CCOF all packaging and certificate(s) upon notice from CCOF.				
	k)	Understanding that the use of the CCOF name and seal must be in accordance with the CCOF standards.				
	l)	Authorizing CCOF to list certified parcel crops, products, services, and acreage on my certificate and in the CCOF Directory.				
	m)	Immediately ceasing all claims of CCOF certification associated with this operation, and destroying or returning all certificates, labeling, and marketing material containing reference to CCOF in the event that this operation withdraws, or its certification is suspended or revoked.				
	n)	Agreeing to be legally bound by the terms of the paragraphs entitled "Consent to Electronic Transmission", "Governing Law", "Consent to Jurisdiction", "Indemnification" and "Limit of Liability" as described in the CCOF Certification Program Manual.				
unc per	I, the owner or legally authorized corporate representative, acknowledge the above General Requirements for CCOF certification and understand that any willful misrepresentation may be cause for denial of an application and sanctioning of certification. I authorize the person(s) listed above to act on behalf of my company in establishing or maintaining organic certification. I attest that all information in this application is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge:					
Naı	lame/Title Signature Date					

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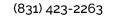






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H. Credit Card Payment Information Type of Credit Card: Visa Master Card Amex Amount \$	Op	eration Name:		Date:
Credit Card Billing Address: City: State: Zip code: Name on Card: Phone Number: Credit Card Number: Expiration Date (mm/yy): / Security Number (The three-digit code on the back of your card. For Amex, this is the four digits on the front): CCOF applies a 3% surcharge to each credit card transaction. No additional surcharge is applied to debit card transactions. Signature: I. Public Profile Information (optional) Use these options to describe your operation. This information will be used to populate your online directory profile and to help CCOF promote your unique operation. Online Presence:	н.	Credit Card Payment Information		
City: State: Zip code: Name on Card: Phone Number: Expiration Date (mm/yy): / Security Number (The three-digit code on the back of your card. For Arnex, this is the four digits on the front): CCOF applies a 3% surcharge to each credit card transaction. No additional surcharge is applied to debit card transactions. Signature: I. Public Profile Information (optional) Use these options to describe your operation. This information will be used to populate your online directory profile and to help CCOF promote your unique operation. 1) Online Presence:	Ty	ype of Credit Card: 🗌 Visa 🔲 Master Card 🔲 Amex		Amount: \$
Name on Card:	С	redit Card Billing Address:		•
Credit Card Number: Expiration Date (mm/yy):	С	ity: State:		Zip code:
Expiration Date (mm/yy):	N	ame on Card:		Phone Number:
Expirit (Pill) For Amex, this is the four digits on the front):	С	redit Card Number:		
CCOF applies a 3% surcharge to each credit card transaction. No additional surcharge is applied to debit card transactions. Signature: Public Profile Information (optional)	E	xpiration Date (mm/yy): /		
Public Profile Information (optional) Use these options to describe your operation. This information will be used to populate your online directory profile and to help CCOF promote your unique operation. Online Presence:	С	COF applies a 3% surcharge to each credit card transaction. No a		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Use these options to describe your operation. This information will be used to populate your online directory profile and to help CCOF promote your unique operation. 1) Online Presence: Facebook:	Si	ignature:		
Instagram		Use these options to describe your operation. This information wipromote your unique operation. Online Presence:	_	
□ Twitter □ Youtube: 2) Sales Methods: □ Community Supported Agriculture (CSA): □ Copacking Services (CS): □ Export (EX): □ Export (EX): □ Farmer's Market (FM): □ Ingredients (Ing): □ Internet (WWW): □ Produce Stand (PS): □ Retail (R): □ Tasting Room/Winery: □ U-Pick (UP): □ Wholesale (WS): 3) Apprenticeship Options: □ Apprenticeship Offered: Terms: □ Board □ Internships □ Wage □ Company Statement (Promotional/sales/informational or public statement about your company): J. Additional Service Opportunities (optional) Check any additional services you may be interested in and a CCOF representative or partner organization will contact you. □ GLOBALG.A.P □ PrimusGFS □ Regenerative Organic Certified (ROC) □ OPT Grass-Fed Program □ OCal Cannabis Certification (CA operations only) □ Other:		_	— □ Pir	nterest:
□ Community Supported Agriculture (CSA): □ Copacking Services (CS): □ Export (EX): □ Farmer's Market (FM): □ Ingredients (Ing): □ Internet (WWW): □ Produce Stand (PS): □ Retail (R): □ Tasting Room/Winery: □ U-Pick (UP): □ Wholesale (WS): 3) Apprenticeship Options: □ Apprenticeship Offered: Terms: □ Board □ Internships □ Wage □ Other: 4) Company Statement (Promotional/sales/informational or public statement about your company): 4) Additional Service Opportunities (optional) Check any additional services you may be interested in and a CCOF representative or partner organization will contact you. □ GLOBALG.A.P □ PrimusGFS □ Regenerative Organic Certified (ROC) □ OPT Grass-Fed Program □ OCal Cannabis Certification (CA operations only) □ Other:		_	— □ Yo	outube:
J. Additional Service Opportunities (optional) Check any additional services you may be interested in and a CCOF representative or partner organization will contact you. GLOBALG.A.P PrimusGFS Regenerative Organic Certified (ROC) OPT Grass-Fed Program OCal Cannabis Certification (CA operations only) Other:		□ Community Supported Agriculture (CSA): □ Copacking Services (CS): □ Export (EX): □ Farmer's Market (FM): □ Ingredients (Ing): □ Internet (WWW): □ Produce Stand (PS): □ Retail (R): □ Tasting Room/Winery: □ U-Pick (UP): □ Wholesale (WS): Apprenticeship Options: □ Apprenticeship Offered:		
	,	Additional Service Opportunities (optional) Check any additional services you may be interested in and a CO	COF repre	esentative or partner organization will contact you.
		☐ OCal Cannabis Certification (CA operations only) ☐ Other:		











NOP §205.201

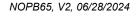
GUIDE TO RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT OSP FORMS

Find all forms at www.ccof.org/resources. Send completed forms to inbox@ccof.org.

Page 1 of 1

- ▶ Complete all Organic System Plan (OSP) section(s) listed for each activity that matches your current organic activities or **plans.** Do not complete sections that are not applicable to your operation.
- ▶ If your activities change in the future you may need to either complete additional OSP forms or retire OSP forms.

	If you do this (more than one may apply):	Fill out these forms:
1)	Apply for CCOF organic retail or restaurant certification.	 CCOF Certification Contract R2.0 Retail Establishment Areas and Products R2.3 Retail Establishment Locations R4.0 Retail Establishment Organic Practices Handler Materials Application (OSP Materials List) R5.0 Record Keeping for Retail Establishments Organic Fraud Prevention Plan Organic product labels, menus, signs.
2)	Purchase organic products. List all suppliers, including distribution centers, importers, distributors, growers, etc	H2.0A Ingredient Suppliers (for each retail area or product included in organic certification)
3)	Use nonorganic processing aids, packaging aids, sanitizers, or other additives in or on organic products (e.g. salt, baking soda, fruit wash).	Handler Materials Application (OSP Materials List) Nonorganic Processing Material Affidavit (for each nonorganic material not previously approved by CCOF, except flavors) Natural Flavor Affidavit (for each nonorganic flavor)
4)	Source organic products from an uncertified broker, trader, wholesaler, or distributor.	Exempt Handler Affidavit – for each uncertified supplier (CCOF will determine if certification is required)
5)	Use an uncertified storage facility to store organic product in sealed, tamper-evident packaging.	Exempt Handler Affidavit (for each uncertified facility)
6)	I am a private label brand owner; I contract other independently certified facilities to produce or label organic product.	Guide to Handler OSP Forms Complete applicable forms as directed
7)	I am the importer of record for organic products.	 Guide to Handler OSP Forms Complete applicable forms as directed
8)	Process, repack, or label organic products (for my own brand or for private label brands) at a facility I own or lease AND SELL WHOLESALE. Apply for certification as a handler.	Guide to Handler OSP Forms Complete applicable forms as directed





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RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT AREAS AND PRODUCTS

OSP SECTION: **R2.0**

Find all forms at $\underline{www.ccof.org/resources}$. Send completed forms to $\underline{inbox@ccof.org}$.

Page 1 of 2

C	Operation Name: Date:	
•	Complete this form if you make certified organic claims for items sold at a retail establishment.	
	 You may only use labels, ingredients, processing aids, suppliers, co-packers, and formulas approved by CCOF to proorganic products. Submit updates for pre-approval before using. 	duce
	 Once certified, you are only approved to produce organic products listed on your CCOF client profile, available on <u>www.MyCCOF.org</u>. Pre-approval is required for new products. Approved products will also appear in USDA's <u>Organi</u> <u>Database (Integrity)</u>. 	<u>: Integrity</u>
	Where practices differ across departments or locations, provide descriptions that reflect every possible practice.	
A.	Certified Organic Retail Areas	
1)	Indicate all retail departments and prepared foods areas that are seeking organic certification. Produce Bulk Meat and Poultry Grocery Bakery (finish baked only) Coffee Bar Salad Bassecialty & Gourmet Foods (e.g. cheese, olive bar) In-store Prepared Foods Juice/Smoothie Bar Full-Service Bakery (in-store baked products) Full-Service Restaurant Food Truck Concession stand Other:	ır
В.	Organic Claims, Labels, Menus, and Signs	
1)		of organic
	☐ All items and/or processed products in the Retail Areas indicated above in section A1 are organic.	
	☐ Select items and/or processed products in the Retail Areas indicated above in section A1 are organic. Labels, signs must clearly distinguish between organic and nonorganic items.	nenus, and
2)		
	 If you use a template for labels, menu boards or other signage, submit an example of each unique template with a dewhat information changes. 	scription of
	 If you offer both organic and nonorganic items in your retail establishment, submit an example of organic display signs nonorganic display signs, as well as organic menu items vs. nonorganic menu items. 	
	Organic labeling guidelines including international labeling are available at www.ccof.org/labeling . Submit all revisions to oper-approval prior to printing or using new labels. Pay particular attention to Organic Claims on Websites and Other Maguidelines .	
	Attached	
3)	product labeling (e.g. on menu board, store signage).	ace beyond
4)	Attached	
4)	How do you promote your organic products and your organic status as a certified organic retail establishment? ☐ Shelf Talkers ☐ Table Tents ☐ Website ☐ Social Media ☐ Virtual ads ☐ Food Truck ☐ Mailers	
	Other (describe):	
C.	Products and Formulas	
1)	Do you offer organic and nonorganic versions of the same item (twin-lined) anywhere within your retail establishment?	
,	☐ No, no twin-lined items. Skip to question C2.	
	☐ Yes	
	a) If yes, are any twin-lined items processed in store (ex. cut fruit, guacamole, pasta salad, rotisserie chicken)?	
	☐ No, twin-lined items are not processed in store. Skip to question C2.	
	☐ Yes, twin-lined items are processed in store.	
	i. If yes, list twin-lined items or attach a list.	
	☐ List attached	
	☐ Twin-lined items processed in store:	









RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT AREAS AND PRODUCTS

OSP SECTION:

R2.0

Find all forms at www.ccof.org/resources. Send completed forms to inbox@ccof.org.

Page 2 of 2

2)	 Do you process organic products in store? Examples of activities that ARE NOT considered processing: removing produce from shipping boxes, washing and transferring produce to display cases, opening bags of dry goods and transferring contents to bulk food dispensers. Examples of activities that ARE considered processing: cooking, baking, curing, heating, drying, mixing, grinding, churning, separating, extracting, cutting, fermenting, preserving, dehydrating, freezing, chilling, relabeling, repackaging, or otherwise enclosing food in a container. 					
	☐ Not applicable, no processing. Skip to section D.					
	☐ Yes, I process. Complete question below.					
3)	Complete table or attach a separate spreadsheet to describe the types of processed organic products (ex: value-added produce, coffee drinks, rotisserie, breakfast items).					
	☐ Spreadsheet attached					
	Product Category					
	Ex: Smoothies, Pre-packed bulk items					
4)	Attach examples of processed organic product item display/packaging. Attached					
5)	If you make multi-ingredient organic products in store, do any contain nonorganic ingredients other than salt or water? Product recipes and changes to recipes must be pre-approved by CCOF as eligibility for organic claims could be impacted. Yes. Additional information will be required including recipes (formulas) and commercial availability. No, all ingredients are organic. N/A, no multi-ingredient products					
D.	Shortages and Substitutions					
1)	Describe how you monitor and manage nonorganic ingredient substitutions when there is not enough organic product available to cover organic needs. Your description must indicate how staff and customers are notified when a nonorganic ingredient substitution is used, and must specify what situations warrent nonorganic ingredient substitutions. Nonorganic ingredients may be substituted for organic only if organic claims are removed.					
	☐ Shortage and substitution policy, and relevant internal documents attached.					
	□ N/A. Nonorganic ingredients never substituted for organic. Skip to section E.					
2)	Attach image(s) demonstrating how your shortage and substitution policy is made clear to your customers at physical and virtual points of purchase. Attached					
3)	Attach image(s) demonstrating how you notify customers when a nonorganic ingredient substitution is used. Attached					
4)	Describe how nonorganic ingredient substitutions are documented.					
	☐ Maintain substitution logs including ingredient, reason for substitution, date of purchase, quantity, and verification that staff and customers were notified.					
	Other (describe):					
E.	Storage Facilities					
1)	If any off-site facilities are used to store organic ingredients or products, complete this table, or attach a list with this information. Not applicable, no off-site storage List Attached					
	Storage Facility Name & Address Ingredients/Products Stored Documentation					
	□ OC* □ EHA**					
	*Attach the Organic Certificate (OC) for each certified storage facility listed above. You must request updated certificates annually.					

**For any uncertified facilities listed above, attach a CCOF Exempt Handler Affidavit (EHA). EHA must be completed by the uncertified storage facility manager. Product must be enclosed in sealed, tamper-evident packages or containers when received by the storage facility and must remain in those packages or containers throughout storage. In addition, the facility may not handle the product in any way other than storage. CCOF will review the EHA and notify you if certification of the storage facility is required.

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RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT LOCATIONS

OSP SECTION:

R2.3

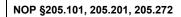
Find all forms at www.ccof.org/resources. Send completed forms to inbox@ccof.org.

Page 1 of 2

>	Complete this form if you operate a retail establishment. Once certified, your CCOF Client Profile lists your locations, available on www. <u>www.MyCCOF.org</u> .org.								
A. 1)	General Information Retail establishment type: ☐ Retail Store ☐ Regional or national retail chain ☐ Food Truck / Farmers Market vendor ☐ Restaurant ☐ Regional or national restaurant chain ☐ Hotel restaurant / in room dining ☐ Stadium concession stand ☐ School or Business cafeteria ☐ Airport dining ☐ Catering services ☐ Other: ☐ Describe your expansion plans for the next 1-5 years:								
	List each retail local spreadsheet with all changes. You are reand inspection scheol. Locations spread	I requested informates esponsible for notifications aduling. Add locations	ation. Be prepa ying CCOF at	ared to update th least 2 months in	e spreadshee n advance of	et to commur new location	nicate additional opening to allo	location	s and existing
	Location Number / Code	Location Name	Stre	et Address		City	State	Zip	Projected Open Date
1) 2) 3)	☐ Attached Attach a description independently mana ☐ Attached	ly has one location, ur operations manumade between center locations, sports Do not operate as an of how your compaged stores, etc.). I	al. Highlight a stral headquart stadiums, airp franchise or s any is structur nclude your pe	reas that addres ters and individua orts). Highlight a sell organic produ ed (central head ersonnel and ma	al locations the reas that adducts within a sequenters, frar nagement sti	nat are mana dress organic separately m nchises, regio ructure (team	integrity. anaged retail sponal offices, cons, managemen	pace. npany ov t, etc.).	
4)	Indicate which functions or decisions a Organic System Plan		re managed c ☐ Centrally	entrally, regional Regionally	iy, iocaliy, or ☐ Locally	Other:	ation of those th	ree:	
	Organic System Fla		☐ Centrally	☐ Regionally	Locally	Other:			
	Organic ingredient	•	☐ Centrally	Regionally	Locally	☐ Other:			
	Marketing, signage, display & labeling		☐ Centrally	☐ Regionally	Locally	☐ Other:			
	New organic produc		☐ Centrally	☐ Regionally	Locally	Other:			
	Sanitation procedur		☐ Centrally	Regionally	Locally	Other:			
	Pest control contract	ctors & materials	☐ Centrally	Regionally	Locally	Other:			
	Staff training		☐ Centrally	☐ Regionally	Locally	Other:			
NO	PR75 V2 06/28/2024					_		Page	1 of 2







RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT LOCATIONS

OSP SECTION:

R2.3

Find all forms at www.ccof.org/resources. Send completed forms to inbox@ccof.org.

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0,	(e.g. notification of regional management, internal audits where system are unique, etc.)? For example: if a store decides to launch a new organic product line, how is that communicated internally and to CCOF? CCOF needs to preapprove changes to your organic program.
C.	Employee Training
	Your training program should include proper sanitation, pest control, record keeping, handling, and labeling of organic products to prevent potential contamination and commingling. Be prepared to demonstrate employee understanding of organic practices at inspections. Training records may be requested at inspection.
1)	Attach a copy of your employee training program. ☐ Attached
2)	How and when do you train individual locations or employees on organic compliance procedures and policies?
3)	How do you monitor whether procedures and policies are successful? CCOF may request to view monitoring checklists.
	☐ Third party service provider ☐ Internal QA team ☐ Other (describe):
	Other (describe):
4)	How do you ensure employees are provided ongoing access to organic practices, procedures, and updates? ☐ Internal communication website/portal
	Other (describe):

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RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT ORGANIC PRACTICES

OSP SECTION:

R4.0

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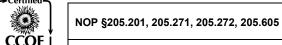
0	Operation Name:	Date:
 	As you complete this form, consider value-added processing, cut and wrap, labeling, relabeling, prepacking, repreparation, and self-serve stations, as well as product display systems (ex. cold case, wet rack, hot bar, coun practices. You must prevent commingling (mixing) of organic with nonorganic and prevent contamination of organic producterials. Commingling and contamination must be prevented the entire time product is under your control, incompanies, the prevent contamination of organic products with materials used to clean your facility and equipment of in your facility.	ter/table) and storage ucts with prohibited cluding during or used as pest control
▶ ∧	Where practices differ across departments or locations, provide descriptions that reflect every possible practice. Receiving	€.
1)	Do you receive products that were handled by any of the following uncertified operations: transporters, translocations, or freight forwarders?	aders, logistics
	Yes No, transporters, transloaders, logistics brokers, and freight forwarders are certified organic	
	a) If yes, do any transporters, transloaders, logistics brokers, or freight forwarders do any of the activities list	ed below:
	☐ No additional handling	
	If any of the following are checked, certification of the transporter is required. See the Exempt Handler A details on activities performed by transporters that may require certification.	ffidavit (EHA) for more
	☐ Enclose, or open packages or containers ☐ Relabel, repack, or package	
	☐ Sort, recondition, cull, ice, hydro cool, hydro vacuum ☐ Treat or wash organic products	
	☐ Other handling (describe):	
2)	How do you ensure contamination was prevented during transport (e.g. prevent contact with sanitizer residue, all that apply.	gases, liquids)? Select
	Transporter records must be available for review at inspection and must identify (link back to) the last certified Clean truck affidavit Cleaning and sanitizing material records Certified supplier provides document Truck cleaning procedures Wash tags Tanker Seals Marine Surveyor report for vessel cargo Other (describe):	ntation
3)	How do you ensure organic products are not commingled with nonorganic during transport? Select all that app	
<i>J</i>)	Transporter records must be available for review at inspection and must identify (link back to) the last certified Not applicable, I only source certified organic products	-
	☐ Distinctly labeled or marked containers ☐ Closed containers ☐ Transported at different times ☐ Visit ☐ Shipped on separate, marked vehicles ☐ Shipped from separate destinations ☐ Other (describe):	ually distinct
4 \	Describe your receiving practices and the records maintained to verify organic status of incoming ingredients.	Include the store
4)	followed by receiving staff in instances when non-organic is received in place of an organic order.	include the steps
	Receiving practices must prevent the accidental use of nonorganic ingredients.	
5)	Describe your quarantine procedure for products received that appear contaminated or whose organic status i	s unknown.
Ь	Storene Drocesing & Deckering	_
Ď.	Storage, Processing & Packaging Storage, processing, and packaging practices and materials (ex: cardboard boxes, crates) and equipment (ex: lugs) used for display, transport, or storage must not allow for commingling or contamination of organic product	
1)	Is this retail establishment:	
	☐ Organic only. Skip to question 4. ☐ Organic and nonorganic	











RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT ORGANIC PRACTICES

OSP SECTION:

R4.0

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2)	How do you ensure that organic products are not commingled (mixed) with nonorganic products during processing and storage? Be sure to consider preparation, repacking, equipment, and display surfaces. Select all that apply: Organic produced prior to nonorganic Equipment is purged prior to organic production (ex: nut grinder, coffee roaster) Clean liners used for organic (ex: baking racks) Surfaces and equipment are cleaned prior to organic production and display Distinguishably dedicated organic production areas or equipment (ex: labeled or color coded) All products sealed and labeled as organic Only organic packaging materials are re-used for organic products Organic stored above nonorganic Distinguishably dedicated organic storage areas (ex: labeled or color coded) Other (describe):
3)	For materials used in or on nonorganic products, describe below how you prevent accidental use during organic processing, and how this can be verified at inspection:
4)	For products you repack or process on-site, are your packaging materials free of prohibited materials (ex: fungicides, preservatives, fumigants)? Contact packaging manufacturer if you are unsure.
-\	Yes Not applicable, not purchasing packaging
5)	For products you repack or process on-site, do you use "active packaging" that emits or releases chemicals into your organic repacked or processed products, e.g. ethylene scavengers, antimicrobial, or antioxidants? This type of packaging is likely prohibited because active agents migrate into the organic product.
	□ No □ Not applicable, not purchasing packaging □ Yes. Provide complete packaging information.
6)	How do you ensure that packaging materials and equipment used for display, transport, or storage do not contaminate organic products?
	Not applicable, all organic
	Only organic packaging materials are re-used for organic products and ingredients
	☐ Nonorganic packaging materials are marked for nonorganic use only
	 □ Packaging materials and equipment cleaned prior to using for display, transport, or storage of organic products and ingredients. □ Distinguishably dedicated organic containers and equipment used for transferring organic and nonorganic products (ex: labeled or color coded)
	Other (describe):
_	Product Display
Ο.	Consider all display systems including cold case, wet rack, hot bar, counter, table, etc.
1)	Does your retail establishment use display tables, cases, or counters to hold organic items for customer selection?
')	No. Skip to section D.
	Yes.
2)	How do you prevent contact between organic and nonorganic products on display? Select all that apply:
۷)	□ Not applicable, all products are organic
	☐ Organic and nonorganic products are displayed in separate cases or display areas
	☐ Organic and/or nonorganic products are wrapped and otherwise packaged
	☐ Organic products are displayed above nonorganic products. Essential for wet racks (misters) and other wet display systems where products above often drip onto products below.
	Physical dividers, shelf liners, or containers are used to separate organic and nonorganic products. <i>Must be cleaned between use for organic and nonorganic products</i>
	☐ Organic parsley, organic kale, or other organic display produce are used between organic and nonorganic products ☐ Dedicated organic shelf liners or containers
	☐ Other (describe):
	Uther (describe):

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NOP §205.201, 205.271, 205.272, 205.605

RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT ORGANIC PRACTICES

OSP SECTION:

R4.0

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3)	Hov	w do you prevent accidental commingling of organic and nonorganic products by customers? Select all that apply:
		Not applicable, all products are organic OR no customer contact
		Do not display organic and nonorganic versions of the same product.
		Organic and nonorganic products are displayed in separate cases or display areas
		Provide distinguishably dedicated organic scoops or tongs in display area (ex: labeled or color coded)
		Other (describe):
4)	Hov	v do you address customer commingling of organic and nonorganic products? Select all that apply:
		Not applicable, all products are organic OR no customer contact
		Regular surveys by store personnel to look for customer commingling
		Organic product in contact with nonorganic product is immediately removed from display and discarded
		Organic product in contact with nonorganic product is immediately removed from display and sold as nonorganic
		Other (describe):
5)	Wh	ere commingling between organic and nonorganic is unavoidable due to customer handling (ex: shared grinders, scoops, salad), how are customers made aware of the risk to organic integrity?
		Not applicable, no shared equipment OR no customer contact
		Signs or labels inform consumers that organic status is lost when processed on shared (organic and nonorganic) equipment.
		Submit sample to CCOF for review.
		Other (describe):
D.	Wa	iter and Water Additives
	Wa	ter used in organic production must be potable and meet Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) standards.
1)	ls w	vater used as an ingredient or do you use water to wash organic products?
		No. Skip to question E4. Yes. Complete this section.
2)		ou treat water on-site (ex: Reverse Osmosis, UV, carbon filtration, water softeners, pH adjustment), does treated water meet Safe nking Water Act Standards? Contact treatment manufacturer if you are unsure.
		Yes. CCOF may request documentation that treated water meets Safe Drinking Water Act standards.
		Not applicable, water is not treated.
3)	For	water used to wash organic products, do you add any materials to the water, ex: peracetic acid, hydrogen peroxide, chlorine?
		No, no materials added to wash water. Skip to question E4.
		Yes. List materials on your Handler Materials Application (OSP Materials List).
	a)	Do you add chlorine to water that directly contacts organic products?
	,	☐ No ☐ Yes. Attach records or SOP used for monitoring chlorine. Records or SOP will be verified by your inspector.
		i. If yes, do products undergo a final fresh water rinse?
		Residual chlorine levels in water at last point of contact must not exceed the maximum residual disinfectant limit under the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA).
		☐ Yes ☐ No, chlorine never added to water above SDWA limits
4)	If yo	ou use steam, does steam contact organic products or interior of packaging?
,	•	No. Skip to section F. Yes
	a)	If yes, describe how steam is used, ex: steam cooking of product, interior of packaging steam application.
	h)	If yes, and boiler chemicals are used, list materials on your <u>Handler Materials Application (OSP Materials List)</u> .
	b)	Attached Not applicable, no boiler chemicals used
	c)	If volatile boiler chemicals are used, describe how you prevent organic products from contacting volatile boiler chemicals, e.g., by shutting off boiler chemical feed prior to organic runs (specify # of hours) and conducting condensate tests:





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RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT ORGANIC PRACTICES

OSP SECTION:

R4.0

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E. Equipment Cleaning and Sanitation

Retail establishment staff must l	e prepared to describe	cleaning and san	itation procedures	at inspection.
-----------------------------------	------------------------	------------------	--------------------	----------------

1)	handling, processing, transport, storage, repacking, packaging, or display (ex: carts, lugs, RPCs, containers, Hobart, tongs, shelf liners, dividers, bulk bins, scoops, scales). Include equipment cleaning and sanitization that happens before organic processing. You may provide this information as an attachment (ex: operations manual or SSOP for organic): Attached Dishwasher with high heat sanitation Dishwasher with material sanitation or rinse aid Handwash equipment/surfaces with hot water Handwash equipment/surfaces with material sanitation Periodic cleaning of dedicated organic equipment (ex: shelf liner, nut butter grinder, bulk bin or liquid dispenser)
	☐ Purge*. Be prepared to describe purge procedure at inspection, including the product and quantity purged how you determined this quantity was sufficient, where purged product goes, and how the purge is documented.
	*Purge – To expel nonorganic product prior to processing organic product from food processing equipment (when equipment cannot be cleaned, ex. coffee roaster). Review equipment manuals for recommended purge quantities.
	Other (describe):
2)	If any surfaces are NOT either cleaned or purged prior to each organic run, explain why not:
3)	How do you ensure cleaner and sanitizer residues are removed from organic contact surfaces? List each material on your <u>Handler Materials Application (OSP Materials List).</u> Rinsing (required for detergents/cleaners and quaternary ammonia) Air dry or rinse of alcohol sanitizers Chlorine , peracetic acid, citric acid, hydrogen peroxide, phosphoric acid, and ozone sanitizers – no rinse or air dry required a) Not applicable Pip High-quaternary Ammonia Quaternary Ammonia Quaternary Ammonia Quaternary Ammonia
4)	If cleaning is NOT documented, explain how cleaning is known to be completed, e.g. regular staff training in standard operating procedure:
,	
F. 1)	procedure:
F.	Facility Pest Management & Monitoring Which of the following management practices do you use to prevent pests? You must use at least one: Remove pest habitat, food sources, and breeding areas Prevent access to handling facilities Manage environmental factors to prevent pest reproduction (temperature, light, humidity, atmosphere, air circulation)

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NOP §205.201, 205.271, 205.272, 205.605

RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT ORGANIC PRACTICES

OSP SECTION:

R4.0

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4)	Are National List materials sufficient to prevent or control pests in organic production and storage areas? Yes Not applicable, none used No, other pest control materials needed
5)	If you plan to use non-National List pest control materials, describe why the preventative practices, mechanical or physical controls, and National List materials are not effective to prevent or control pests at your facility. List pest control materials not on the National list that you apply in organic production and storage areas on your Handler Materials Application (OSP Materials List) .
	Letter of justification attached, see example on CCOF website Not applicable, no non-National List materials used
6)	How do you prevent pest control materials applied via fumigation, fogging, and/or spray from contaminating organic products, ingredients, and packaging materials? Select all that apply.
	You must protect organic production areas, products, and packaging from contamination from all facility pest control materials.
	☐ Not applicable, no fumigation, fog, or spray used
	☐ Remove organic product and packaging from areas to be treated
	☐ Cover equipment used for organic handling during treatment
	Other (describe):
7)	After fumigation, fogging or spray, how do you ensure pest control materials are removed from any equipment present during fumigation or fogging? Select all that apply.
	You must protect organic products from contamination from all facility pest control materials.
	☐ Not applicable, no fumigation, fogging, or spraying
	☐ Not applicable, no equipment present during fumigation/fogging
	☐ Wash and rinse organic contact surfaces after treatment
	☐ Purge equipment with nonorganic product after treatment (describe):
	Other (describe):
8)	How do you record pest control material use and measures taken to protect organic products or packaging? Select all that apply.
	You must document pest control activities and protection of organic.
	☐ Pesticide Use Log ☐ Log describing removal/reentry of products and packaging ☐ Purge log
	☐ Other (describe):

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RECORD KEEPING FOR RETAIL ESTABLISHMENTS

OSP SECTION:

R5.0

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An "Audit Trail" or "trace-back" system documents the source (certified supplier), purchase or acquisition, transfer of ownership, physical and financial possession, receipt, handling, production, processing, contractual oversight responsibilities, sale, and transportation of organic products. Records must disclose all activities and transactions in enough detail to be readily understood and audited. Records must show compliance with organic requirements and be kept for at least five (5) years. Records must identify (link back to) the last certified operation in the supply chain and must identify products as organic.

Complete a separate <u>R5.0 Record Keeping for Retail Establishments</u> form for each department or area when different record keeping systems are used.

Department or area covered by this plan:

Α.	Location of Supplier Certificates										
	Location where all organic SUPPLIER certificates can be reviewed during inspection. Separate inspection of this location may be required. If identical to the physical location address provided on your CCOF Certification Contract , skip to section B. Identical to physical location address on contract.										
		on type: Corporate office		tore office	Other:						
			☐ Regional office ☐ 3	tore office							
	Addre	SS:									
	City:		State/Province:	Zip/Postal Code:	Country:						
	Conta	ct(name/title):									
	Phone :		Fax:	Email(s):							
В.	Trac	king Organic Product	s								
	operation Document May be De Audit a) C do	tion, through transport, storal mentation maintained for othe used as part of your organ scription or diagram attache trail systems include the fain of custody and shipp ocuments generated by the Bills of Lading (BOL), pur sheets, receiving logs, in scale tickets, receipts, tag	ge, inbound receiving, displayer programs such as food satisfic trace-back system. d following elements: ling documents – Document last certified organic operation or chase orders, invoices, contiventory logs, batch records, gs), chain of custody, truck as	ay, production or packing for ever afety, allergen prevention, produc- ats include both internal document on. Common audit trail document tracts, packing slips, certificate of manifests, shipping and delivery and trailer numbers, clean truck a	at recall, animal welfare grading, etc. Ints you generate as well as external its: If analyses, product specification records (field ticket, weigh tickets, iffidavits.						
	, h	andler, refer to the Exempt erification at inspection. Documents from exempt	Handler Affidavit (EHA). So uncertified handlers must in	,	requires additional audit trail						
	0	Documents generated by must be included for each		proving purchase, delivery, and/o	r transfer to the uncertified handler						
	0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		nd documentation of the last cert	•						
	0	If product passes through back to the last certified h	trace through all uncertified handlers								
2)	Attach	sample audit trail documen	ts to demonstrate your syste	em. Documents attached							
	0			oducts and ingredients as "100% nym, e.g. 100% OG, Org, MWO.	Organic", "Organic", "Made with						
	0	Documents must identify	(link back to) the last certified	ed operation in the supply chain t	hat handled the organic product.						
	0	Product label must link to label.	documentation via lot numb	per, shipping identification, or oth	er unique identification printed on the						
	^	Documentation must be s	sufficient to determine the so	ource transfer of ownership and	transportation of the organic product						

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(831) 423-2263

In/out mass balance – Describe the records and system you use to verify sufficient quantity received to meet display needs and/or to produce a finished product batch. You may attach sample documents to illustrate, e.g. monthly log of beginning and ending



RECORD KEEPING FOR RETAIL ESTABLISHMENTS

OSP SECTION:

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inventory. Describe any abbreviations or acronyms used in your records to indicate that products are organic. Links may be established via "Sell by" dates on relabeled products or packing slips based on "first in first out".

CCOF inspectors will verify that you received sufficient organic products to account for final production, sale, or transportation of organic products.

		•	Mass Balance			-			- If d	
 Describe your lot numbering system for finished processed / repacked products or attach a description. If you do no repack products, skip to section D. Description attached Do no process / repack products. EXAMPLE: Lot Number: 23123A045 								not process /		
Code 23 123 A O 45										
						Organic		Plant locati	ion	
Lot	Number:	umber:								
Co	ode									
Si	gnifies									
Su	pply Cha	ain Overview &	Fraud Preventi	on						
prod	ducts recei		ractices and proced revent organic fraud ed.							
			appropriate to the ac							
address the verification and anti-fraud needs of the particular operation. This means not all fraud prevention plans will be alik For example, a processor that receives many organic ingredients from numerous suppliers should develop a fraud prevention that describes practices to detect, prevent, minimize, and mitigate organic fraud risks in lengthy supply chains. Because fraud prevention plans must verify the organic status of suppliers and organic products, they should include a description of how are operation verifies organic status back to the last certified operation in the supply chain.							d prevention plan cause fraud			
tabl	e below. U		escribed by the NOP uide when building y ntion Plan.							
	•	•	c Fraud Prevention	<u>ı Plan</u> wor	ksheet, a	ttached.				
•	Verification <i>.</i>	n Program, Food Fra	od safety programs (aud Prevention, or o corporated into your	ther Prerec						
		•	Fraud Prevention P	_						
	l am enrolle attached.	ed in OTA's <mark>Fraud</mark>	Prevention Solution	<mark>ns</mark> progran	n (optiona	al third-p	arty program	n), my F	raud Preven	tion Plan is
	Supply	chain oversight ar	nd organic fraud pr	evention r	may inclu	ıde:				
Α	Supply of	chain map.								
В	Practice	s for verifying the o	rganic status of any	product yo	u acquire	and/or ı	use.			
С	A proces	ss to verify suppliers	s and minimize supp	lier risk to	organic ir	ntegrity.				
D	A vulner	ability assessment	to identify weakness	es in your	practices	and sup	pply chain.			
Е		ation of critical conti gation measures.	rol points in the supp	oly chain w	here orga	nic frau	d or loss of c	organic	status are m	ost likely to occur
F			tive actions, and ver	rification to	ols to ass	ess the	effectivenes	s of mit	igation meas	ures.
G	A proces	ss for reporting susp	pected organic fraud	to certifyir	ng agents	and the	NOP.			

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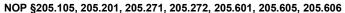












HANDLER MATERIALS APPLICATION (OSP MATERIALS LIST)



Find all forms at www.ccof.org/documents. Send completed forms to inbox@ccof.org.

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Operation Name:	Date:
Operation Name.	Date.

- ▶ Submit this form with your initial application to describe nonorganic products or materials you plan to use. Private label or brand owners who do not process products are not required to submit this form; send information about nonorganic materials to your certified co-packer.
- ▶ CCOF will review all materials listed and provide you with a copy of your OSP Materials List listing approved materials.
- ► To add or remove materials after your initial application, update your OSP Materials List directly on MyCCOF.org or submit this form. CCOF may require additional information regarding materials you include on this form.

It is your responsibility to verify that all materials are allowed prior to use. Only materials included in your OSP Materials List may be used. This protects you and helps ensure you do not use noncompliant materials that will negatively affect your organic certification.

A. Nonorganic Processing Aids

- List all nonorganic materials that directly contact organic products (examples: gases, processing/packaging aids, fining agents, acids, filtration aids, wash water additives).
- ▶ Include specific product brand name, function, and manufacturer information.
- ► For each nonorganic material not previously approved by CCOF, submit a <u>Nonorganic Processing Material Affidavit</u> or <u>Natural Flavor Affidavit</u>. Search for approved materials on <u>MyCCOF.org</u>.

Brand Name	Manufacturer	General Material Name	Function (ex: Filtration, wash water, leavening, acidulant, fermentation, etc.)	CCOF Use Only
Example: CleanWash 456A	Washed Waters, LLC	Peracetic acid	wash water additive	

Nonorganic Processing Aids – NOP § 205.105; 205.605; 205.606: Nonorganic materials used in or on organic products must not be the product of GMOs or produced with the use of irradiation or sewage sludge and must comply with any additional annotations.

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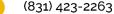
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B. Equipment Sanitizers and Detergents/Cleaners

- Indicate materials used to clean and sanitize equipment and surfaces that organic products contact during receiving, handling, processing, transport, or storage, including grading or sampling equipment.
- Materials used in areas outside of organic handling do not need to be disclosed, such as employee hand sanitizers, foot baths, bathroom cleaners, or drain cleaners.
- If you are unsure which material category your cleaning and sanitation chemicals fall under, submit your material label(s) to CCOF and we will determine which category applies.

Material Category Active Ingredient per product label	Used?	Rinsed? (Yes/No)	Location or Surface Used On (ex: processing lines, reused storage containers)
Detergent, Soap, or Cleaner Must rinse			
Chlorine (Calcium hypochlorite, Chlorine dioxide, Sodium hypochlorite, Hypochlorous acid – generated from electrolyzed water)			
Peracetic acid/Peroxyacetic acid			
Phosphoric Acid			
Alcohol (Ethanol, Isopropanol) Must air dry or rinse			
Citric Acid			
Hydrogen Peroxide			
Ozone			
Quaternary Ammonium Sanitizer Must rinse and test for zero residue			
Other or unknown Attach label listing ingredients, rinse may be required:			

C. Boiler Chemicals

- List materials used in your boiler system, if applicable.
- For each boiler chemical not previously approved by CCOF, submit a material label or similar spec sheet that discloses composition. Additional information regarding volatility may be required. Search for approved materials on MyCCOF.org.

Boiler Chemical Brand Name	Manufacturer	Volatile? (Yes/No)	Shut off prior to organic? (Yes/No)
Example: Boilerchem 123	The Boiler Pros, LLC	Yes	Yes - 24 hours before organic



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D. Facility Pest Control Materials – National List

- National List Pest Control Materials may be used only if preventative practices and mechanical/physical controls are not sufficient to prevent or control pests.
- Only list materials that are used in organic production and/or organic storage areas.
- If you are unsure which material category your pest control chemicals fall under, submit your material label(s) to CCOF and we will determine which category applies.

National List Material Category	Used?	Location Used (ex: production room)	Applied by Fumigation/ Fogging/ Spray? (Yes/No)
Ammonium carbonate			
Boric acid			
Botanical pesticides			
Carbon dioxide			
Diatomaceous earth			
Nitrogen gas			
Nonsynthetic bait/lure/repellent			
Pheromones			
Pyrethrum/pyrethrins Pyrethroids are synthetic and not included in this category, list pyrethroids in section E			
Sticky traps			
Vitamin D3			

E. Facility Pest Control Materials – Non-National List

- Non-National List Pest Control Materials may be used only if preventative practices, mechanical/physical controls, and National List materials are not sufficient to prevent or control pests. Justification for the use of non-National List Materials must be provided.
- Only list materials that are used in organic production and/or organic storage areas.
- Any pest control material that does not fit into one of the categories in table D above is considered a Non-National List material.
- If you are unsure which material category your pest control chemicals fall under, submit your material label(s) to CCOF and we will determine which category applies.

Non-National List Material	Location Used	Applied by Fumigation/ Fogging/ Spray? (Yes/No)
Example: MAX Fog Roach Killer	ex: production room	Yes

NOPB73, V2, 12/30/2023



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INGREDIENT SUPPLIERS

OSP SECTION: H2.0

Find all forms at www.ccof.org/documents. Send completed forms to inbox@ccof.org.

label brand owners who do not manufacture are not required to submit nonorganic ingredients or processing aids for review.

Page 1 of 1

Op	Operation Name:		
	List all suppliers and ingredients used in organic products, including "work in process" ingredients made in house.		
	1. Attach organic certificates for all certified suppliers. Certificates attached		
	Certificates must be dated within the last 15 months and must list the specific ingredient you use. For USDA NOP certified suppliers, retaining to certification status. Product listings may need to be requested separately from the supplier. Be prepared to demonst system at inspection.		
	2. For any uncertified supplier of organic ingredients, list both the uncertified supplier and the certified supplier in the Supplier column. Atta (EHA) for each uncertified supplier. Product must be enclosed in sealed, tamper-evident retail packaging when acquired by the supplier while under the supplier's control. CCOF will review the EHA and notify you if certification of the supplier is required.	and must remain in that packaging	
	3. For each multi-ingredient ingredient, submit an ingredient statement from the manufacturer to compare to your label. 🔲 Ingredient statement	atement attached	
	An Excel version of this document is available at www.ccof.org/documents or by contacting CCOF.		
>	 Update this master list as you add and remove suppliers. Highlight new suppliers or products in yellow and removed suppliers or products in 	<mark>rblue</mark> to simplify updates.	
•	List all nonorganic processing aids, sanitizers, and packaging aids that contact organic products on your Handler Materials Application	on (OSP Materials List), not this form.	

For each nonorganic ingredient or processing aid not previously approved by CCOF, submit a Nonorganic Processing Material Affidavit or Natural Flavor Affidavit. Private

Supplier	Ingredient Name List one ingredient per line, match organic certificate, include brand name if any	Organic Ingredient? (Yes, No)	Do you import¹ this product? (Yes, No)	Date Added to H2.0A	Certifier Optional, for your use	CCOF Use Only
Ex: XYZ Juice Supply	Ex: apple juice concentrate	Yes	Yes	7/15/2020	CCOF	

¹ Imports – Indicate Yes if you are the importer of record. Indicate No if you are not the importer of record. Examples - If you purchase from an importer, indicate No and list the importer in the Supplier column. If you purchase imported products and the importer does not take title, indicate No and list the seller in the Supplier column (not the importer). If your supplier purchases imported products, indicate No; you are not required to know the identity of the importer. "Importer of record" = the owner, purchaser, consignee, or authorized Customs broker of imported products coming into the United States.

NOPB71, V2, 12/30/2023



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Organic Fraud Prevention Plan

Op	Operation Name:		
stat	e this worksheet to describe the monitoring practices and procedures you use to verify suppliers in the supply of tus of agricultural products received to detect and prevent organic fraud. Also describe the monitoring practices formed to verify that your plan is effectively implemented.		
 	You are responsible for using appropriate and effective means to prevent organic fraud in your supply chain. plan should reflect the activities, scope, and complexity of your supply chain. This form, including any addendums, may serve as your Organic Fraud Prevention Plan if you do not have or integrated into your food safety program and are not enrolled in the OTA Fraud Prevention Solution program. An Organic Fraud Prevention Plan is a living document that should be updated as needed to reflect changing ingredients, business practices, supply chains etc.	rganic fraud prevention	
	t all Organic Fraud Prevention Plans will be alike. According to the best practices described by the NO evention Plan may include the elements identified below.	P, an Organic Fraud	
A.	Supply chain map		
1)	Attach a map of your supply chain, beginning with the certified operations before you in the supply chain and operations that you sell or ship organic products to. You do not need to submit a separate map for each ingrechains are significantly different. Include steps that happen off-site, such as transportation and storage. If product moves through different facilities, describe the flow across different facilities. Indicate when the product changes ownership, including any importing or exporting.		
	☐ Supply chain map attached		
В.	Practices for verifying the organic status of any product you acquire and/or use		
 	You must maintain organic certificates for all suppliers, importers, contracted co-packers, certified private lab storage facilities, and any other certified organic operation you work with. You must ensure that all certificates are current (issued within the last 15 months) and complete; listing speciproducts/crops/parcels/brands. If you export product, certificate must list export market compliance. For USDA NOP certified operations, refer to Organic Integrity Database (Integrity) for overall certification statemed to be requested separately from the operation.	ific	
1)	Your monitoring system must verify that all suppliers and other organic operations you work with are currently ingredients/products you source, and/or products they produce for you, and/or products you produce for them a) How frequently do you review organic certificates? <i>Annual verification is required at a minimum.</i>		
	 a) How frequently do you review organic certificates? Annual verification is required at a minimum. □ With each shipment □ Monthly □ Quarterly □ Annually □ Other (describe): 		
	b) Attach or describe your monitoring system. Be prepared to demonstrate your system at inspection.	Attached	
2)	At receiving, how do you monitor and verify that incoming organic products are from approved suppliers and that apply or attach a description. Not applicable, I do not take physical possession.	are organic? Check all	
	Receiving records must be available for review at inspection and must link back to the last certified handler. Approved organic supplier list verified against bill of lading (BOL) or packaging/container labels		
	☐ Approved organic supplier list verified against bill of lading (BOL) or packaging/container labels ☐ Current organic certificate required with each shipment, supplier verified as approved, certificate verified to ☐ Other (describe):	o list product received	

NOPB108, V1, R1, 03/04/2024



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C. A process to verify suppliers and minimize supplier risk to organic integrity

Before sourcing from new suppliers or working with any other organic operation, you must review their organic certificate to ensure it is current (dated within the last 15 months) and complete; listing specific products/crops/parcels/brands. If you export product, the organic certificate must list export market compliance.

Do you have a supplier approval program in place to identify, evaluate, and approve new organic suppliers and any other certified

New suppliers and other organic operations you work with must be added to your OSP.

	organic operation you may work with? Be prepared to demonstrate your system at inspection.			
	☐ Yes ☐ No. If no, explain why not:			
2)	What is included in your organic supplier approval program? Select all that apply:			
	☐ Verification that the supplier's current organic certificate was issued within the last 15 months, includes the list of certified products, and identifies the products I source from them.			
	☐ Verification that supplier agrees to meet product specifications for each shipment of product.			
	☐ Verification that the supplier participates in 3 rd party food safety audits (GFSI or other) and has a passing score that will be provided to my operation annually.			
	☐ Verification that the supplier can meet my quality and quantity demands.			
	☐ Verification that the supplier agrees to provide timely organic certificate updates at least annually, or upon demand as needed.			
	☐ Verification that supplier can provide product residue sampling results on agreed upon schedule (every shipment, one shipment per week, quarterly samples, etc.).			
	☐ Verification that the supplier will immediately provide written notification of any positive residue results linked to product purchased by or received by my operation.			
	☐ Verification that supplier agrees to annual on-site inspections by representative of my operation.			
	☐ Verification that CCOF approves the supplier as part of my OSP supplier list (or other OSP section, as applicable).			
	☐ Other, please describe:			
3)	How often do you switch suppliers, add new suppliers, make one-off purchases or do "spot purchasing"?			
	Frequent changes may result in increased risk of receiving fraudulent products. CCOF may conduct additional audit trail verification at inspections.			
	☐ Daily or Weekly ☐ Monthly or Quarterly ☐ Annually ☐ Rarely or Never			
D.	Vulnerability assessment to identify weaknesses in your practices and supply chain			

- Assess the following areas for vulnerabilities where fraud has a greater chance to occur. Each area includes examples of criteria you may consider when conducting your vulnerability assessment.
- 1) **Product assessment** Consider qualities that are intrinsic to the product (packaging, geopolitical, socio-economic, agronomic):
 - High risk examples: Product has history of fraud, product is bulk/unpackaged, product comes from an area of political unrest/uncertainty, drastic increases or fluctuations in price, high demand, recent production challenges (e.g. flooding, pests), large fluctuations in production volume, or large disparity between organic and nonorganic pricing.
 - Low risk examples: Product packaged in sealed and tamper evident retail packaging, product is readily available in the organic market, product is produced domestically.
- Supply chain assessment Consider the qualities that are inherent to the suppliers you work with:

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- High risk examples: Low visibility of the entire supply chain, long supply chain (product changes ownership many times before it is in your possession), backup supplier not established (could lead to urgent spot purchases), uncertified operations involved in the supply chain, supplier is selling commodity below cost of production.
- Low risk examples: Established long term supplier relationships, written sales contract addressing organic considerations, supplier readily provides information upon request (organic certificates, specification sheets etc.), supplier is the producer of the organic product, vertically integrated supply chain where the end handler has complete traceability and visibility back to the farm level.

NOPB108, V1, R1, 03/04/2024











3) Internal company assessment

- High risk examples: Past food fraud incidents, inadequate or minimal supplier approval program, inadequate or minimal receiving procedures, lack of Food Defense Plan, no standard procedures requiring sign-off from more than one employee for each transaction, no formal training for employees involved in organic handling or production, only one knowledgeable employee about the Organic System Plan, repeated failure of mass balance or audit trail exercises during inspections or internal audits.
- Low risk examples: Third party food safety certification (GFSI or similar), established employee training program that addresses organic fraud, written employee code of conduct, employee screening procedures in place, whistlebower guidelines and protection for employees that find internal fraud, history of successful mass balance or traceback exercises during inspections or internal audits

	memai addio.
	My vulnerability assessment is documented and I can describe my vulnerability assessment at inspection (not required to submit
	a copy of vulnerability assessment unless requested by CCOF).
	My vulnerability assessment is not documented but I can describe my vulnerability assessment at inspection.
П	Not applicable to my operation

E. Identification of critical control points in the supply chain where organic fraud or loss of organic status are most likely to occur, and mitigation measures

- Critical Control Point: A step at which control can be applied and is essential to prevent or eliminate a hazard or reduce it to an acceptable level.
- The following are examples of risks that may require an Organic Critical Control Point (OCCP), the step when control can be applied, and examples of mitigation measures. Refer to vulnerability assessment section D for additional examples of risk that may require Critical Control Points.
 - Product vulnerability example: Product is imported and has a known condition of entry, has a potential for fumigation with prohibited material.
 - OCCP and mitigation example: At receiving, review the import documentation accompanying the shipment for verification that the product was not treated. Product remains on hold until verification is complete.
 - Supply chain vulnerability example: Product is in high demand; I only have one supplier identified and they have a history of shorting orders.
 - OCCP and mitigation example: Before making another purchase, require existing supplier to sign a contract guaranteeing delivery quantities. Identify new potential back-up suppliers.
 - Internal vulnerability example: My company does not have an established procedure for verifying new suppliers. We frequently change suppliers and select suppliers based solely on the lowest price.
 - OCCP and mitigation example: Before making another purchase, establish a supplier verification program and screen existing suppliers against our verification program requirements. We will not purchase from suppliers that do not pass our supplier verification program requirements.

1)	Based on your vulnerability assessment, have you identified Organic Critical Control Points (OCCPs) in your supply chain? OCCPs must be established for the vulnerabilities where there is the highest risk of fraud or loss of organic status.
	My critical control points are documented and I can describe my critical control points at inspection (not required to submit a copy of critical control points unless requested by CCOF).
	☐ My critical control points are not documented but I can describe my critical control points at inspection.
	☐ Not applicable to my operation
2)	For each Organic Critical Control Point, have you developed and implemented mitigation measures to eliminate or reduce the risk for fraud or loss of organic status?
	☐ My mitigation measures are documented and I can demonstrate my mitigation measures at inspection (not required to submit a copy of mitigation measures unless requested by CCOF).
	☐ My mitigation measures are not documented but I can demonstrate my mitigation measures at inspection.
	☐ Not applicable to my operation

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F. Monitoring practices, corrective actions, and verification tools to assess the effectiveness of mitigation measures

1)	Do you have monitoring procedures to ensure that the mitigation measure for each Organic Critical Control Point is met and corrective actions should your mitigation measures fail?
	☐ My monitoring and corrective action procedures are documented, and I can demonstrate them at inspection (not required to submit a copy of monitoring practices unless requested by CCOF).
	☐ My monitoring and corrective action procedures are not documented, but I can demonstrate them at inspection.
	☐ Not applicable to my operation
2)	How do you verify that your Organic Fraud Prevention Plan is effective? Select all that apply.
	☐ Internal audits ☐ Periodic review of records for quality control ☐ Annual review of Organic Fraud Prevention Plan
	☐ Other, describe:
G.	A process for reporting suspected organic fraud to certifying agents and the NOP
\blacktriangleright	Organic fraud: Deceptive representation, sale, or labeling of nonorganic agricultural products or ingredients as organic.
1)	Describe your criteria for reporting suspected fraud.
	Select all that apply:
	☐ I report all positive sample results linked to organic products I handle.
	☐ I report instances where I have observed fraudulent activity.
	☐ I report instances where the quantity of organic product received from a supplier exceeds their known production capacity and can provide credible evidence.
	☐ I report instances where an organic product is being offered for sale below market price without reasonable explanation and can provide credible evidence.
	☐ I report all other instances where I can provide credible evidence of fraud. Credible evidence may include but is not limited to: photos, screen shots of websites, audit trail records, copies of correspondence, residue sample results, GMO sample results, etc.
	Other (describe):
٥)	
2)	What is your process for reporting credible evidence of organic fraud? Select all that apply:
	Report to CCOF
	Report to supplier's <u>certifying agent</u>
	Report to USDA NOP
	Report to California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) State Organic Program for operations in CA
	Other (describe):



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Nonorganic Processing Material Affidavit CCOF Client: Forward this affidavit to your material manufacturer. They must complete and sign this form. Submit one affidavit for

•	each nonorganic ingredient or processing aid used in or on your organic products. For flavors, submit <u>Natural F</u> instead of this form. Search for approved materials on <u>MyCCOF.org</u> . Material Manufacturer: Fill out this form so CCOF can review this material for the CCOF certified client's use.	lavor Affi	<u>davit</u>
Α.	Manufacturer business name and contact info (phone/email):		
	Material name including any applicable code:		
	Function in finished organic product (e.g. defoamer, thickener, etc.):		
	List all ingredients or attach a complete ingredient statement. Include carriers, preservatives, incidentals, ancilla and any other ingredients. Attached	ries, adjuv	/ants,
В.	The material listed above conforms to the following criteria:	True	e False
	 Genetic engineering, genetically modified organisms, and excluded methods¹ as defined in NOP 205.2 wer not used in the production of this material. 	е 🗆	
	2) Ionizing radiation as described in 21 CFR 179.26 was not used in the processing of this material.		
	3) Sewage sludge was not used in the production of this material.		
C.	If the material listed above consists of any of the following substances, also attest to the applicable criteria below additional information may be required.	W.	
	Requirement per National List 205.605, 205.606	True	False
	Acidified Sodium Chlorite – Acidified with citric acid		
	 Activated Charcoal – From a vegetative source List source: 		
	Animal Enzyme (rennet; catalase; lipase; pancreatin; pepsin; trypsin) – Rennet derived from animals, catalase from bovine liver		
	Attapulgite – Not acid-treated, acid-activated, or acid-leached		
	Bentonite – Not acid-treated, acid-activated, or acid-leached		
	Calcium Carbonate – From mined source and not further processed via synthetic ² salt metathesis process		
	Calcium Chloride – Isolated from natural brine and not produced via the Solvay process		
	Calcium Sulfate – Mined		
	Cellulose – Powdered cellulose is non-chlorine bleached Note – microcrystalline cellulose is prohibited		
	Citric Acid – Produced by microbial fermentation of carbohydrate substance List carbohydrate substance:		
	 Color – No synthetic² solvents and carrier systems or artificial preservatives were used List agricultural source: 		
	Enzyme – From edible, nontoxic plants, nonpathogenic fungi, or non-pathogenic bacteria		
	Gellan Gum – High-acyl form		
	Gellan Gum – Low-acyl form	П	
	Chair dun – Low-ady form		

²Synthetic (NOP 205.2). A substance that is formulated or manufactured by a chemical process or by a process that chemically changes a substance extracted from naturally occurring plant, animal, or mineral sources; ...shall not apply to substances created by naturally occurring biological processes. NOPB04, V2, 12/30/2023

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¹Excluded Methods (NOP 205.2). A variety of methods used to genetically modify organisms or influence their growth and development by means that are not possible under natural conditions or processes and are not considered compatible with organic production. Such methods include cell fusion, microencapsulation and macroencapsulation, and recombinant DNA technology (including gene deletion, gene doubling, introducing a foreign gene, and changing the positions of genes when achieved by recombinant DNA technology). Such methods do not include the use of traditional breeding, conjugation, fermentation, hybridization, in vitro fertilization, or tissue culture.



	Requirement per National List 205.605, 205.606	True	False
•	Glucono delta-lactone – Produced via microbial fermentation or enzymatic oxidation of carbohydrate substance. Not produced by the oxidation of D-glucose with bromine water.		
•	Glycerin – Produced from agricultural source materials and processed using biological or mechanical/physical methods as described under NOP 205.270(a)		
•	Gum (Arabic; Guar; Locust Bean; Carob Bean) – Water extracted		
•	Hypochlorous Acid – Generated from electrolyzed water		
•	Kaolin – Not acid-treated, acid-activated, or acid-leached		
•	Lactic Acid – Produced via fermentation		
•	Lecithin – De-oiled (dried)		
•	Magnesium Chloride – Derived from sea water, terminal lake brine, subsurface brine deposit, or mineral ore deposit. Hydrochloric acid is not used in production.		
•	Magnesium Sulfate – Mined form without further synthetic ² processing such as through treatment with sulfuric acid.		
•	Microorganisms – Food grade bacteria, fungi, or other microorganism		
•	Nitrogen – Oil-free grade		
•	Oxygen – Oil-free grade		
•	Pectin – Non-amidated		
•	Potassium Chloride – Extracted from nonsynthetic ³ source material (mined or from brine)		
•	Sodium Bicarbonate – Produced via the Trona process and not the Solvay process		
•	Sodium Carbonate – Produced via the Trona process and not the Solvay process		
•	Tartaric Acid – Made from grape wine		
•	Tocopherol – Derived from vegetable oil		
•	Wax – Nonsynthetic³ (wood rosin)		
•	Yeast – Nonsynthetic ³ , not grown on petrochemical substrate or sulfite waste liquor. For smoked yeast, non-synthetic ³ smoke flavoring process.		
Purs provi	nufacturer Statement uant to NOP 205.2, 205.105, and 205.605-606, I, on behalf of the named manufacturer, hereby attest t ded in this form is accurate and truthful to the best of my knowledge. Note that per NOP 205.100(c)(2) ments to an accredited certifying agent shall be subject to the provisions of section 1001 of title 18, Un	, any person fa	alsifying
	nufacturer Representative Name Title Email Additional Paragraphies Title Email	'ess	
Ма	nufacturer Representative's Authorized Signature (Digital, Ink, or E-Verified)	Date	

²Synthetic (NOP 205.2). A substance that is formulated or manufactured by a chemical process or by a process that chemically changes a substance extracted from naturally occurring plant, animal, or mineral sources; ...shall not apply to substances created by naturally occurring biological processes. ³Nonsynthetic (natural) (NOP 205.2). A substance that is derived from mineral, plant, or animal matter; does not undergo a synthetic process as defined in section 6502(21) of the Act (7 U.S.C. 6502(21)). Nonsynthetic is used as a synonym for natural. NOPB04, V2, 12/30/2023 Page 2 of 2



D.





A. Nonorganic Flavor Details

Natural Flavor Affidavit

- ► **CCOF Client:** Forward this affidavit to the flavor manufacturer. They must complete and sign this form. Submit one affidavit for each nonorganic flavor used in your organic products. Search for materials on Myccof.org.
- CCOF Client: H2.7 Commercial Availability form is also required if flavors are used in products labeled "Organic."
- ► Flavor Manufacturer: Fill out this form so CCOF can review this material for the CCOF certified client's use. Flavors must be allowed for use in food as GRAS for the proposed use or approved by FDA for the proposed use.

1)	Nonorganic flavor name/code:			
2)	Manufacturer business name and contact info (phone/email):			
3)		st all ingredients or attach a complete ingredient statement. Include adjuvants, carriers, preservatives, incidenta or other ingredient. The specific flavoring substance(s) may be listed as "natural flavor."	ls, ancilla	ries, and
			$\Box A$	Attached
4)	The	e flavor listed above conforms to the following criteria:	True	False
	a)	Genetic engineering, genetically modified organisms, and excluded methods ¹ as defined in NOP 205.2 were not used in the production of this material.		
	b)	Ionizing radiation as described in 21 CFR 179.26 was not used in the processing of this material.		
	c)	Sewage sludge was not used in the production of this material.		
В.	Na	tural Flavors Criteria		
oled flav sim	oresi orinç ilar p	efinition of Natural Flavors FDA 21 CFR Part 101.22(a)(3): " natural flavor or natural flavoring means the in, essence or extractive, protein hydrolysate, distillate, or any product of roasting, heating or enzymolysis, which go constituents derived from a spice, fruit or fruit juice, vegetable or vegetable juice, edible yeast, herb, bark, but blant material, meat, seafood, poultry, eggs, dairy products, or fermentation products thereof, whose significant grather than nutritional."	ch contain d, root, lea	s the af or
1)		all flavoring substances meet the FDA definition of a natural flavor (see above)? <i>Attach Natural Certificate if</i> Yes \sum No, Prohibited	available.	
2)	sol	vors may only be extracted with nonsynthetic ² , non-petroleum based solvents. No hydrocarbon, chlorinated, o vents may be used. Propane, hexane, and freon are examples of prohibited solvents. Allowed natural extraction ter, natural ethanol, super-critical carbon dioxide, authentic essential oil, and natural vegetable oils.		
	a)	Are natural flavor constituent(s) made using NOP-suitable extraction solvents?		
		☐ Yes ☐ No, Prohibited ☐ Not applicable, none used		
	b)	Solvent used to extract natural flavor:		

³Synthetic (NOP 205.2). A substance that is formulated or manufactured by a chemical process or by a process that chemically changes a substance extracted from naturally occurring plant, animal, or mineral sources; ...shall not apply to substances created by naturally occurring biological processes. NOPB70, V2, R1, 02/16/2024

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¹Excluded Methods (NOP 205.2). A variety of methods used to genetically modify organisms or influence their growth and development by means that are not possible under natural conditions or processes and are not considered compatible with organic production. Such methods include cell fusion, microencapsulation and macroencapsulation, and recombinant DNA technology (including gene deletion, gene doubling, introducing a foreign gene, and changing the positions of genes when achieved by recombinant DNA technology). Such methods do not include the use of traditional breeding, conjugation, fermentation, hybridization, in vitro fertilization, or tissue culture.

²Nonsynthetic (natural) (NOP 205.2). A substance that is derived from mineral, plant, or animal matter; does not undergo a synthetic process as defined in section 6502(21) of the Act (7 U.S.C. 6502(21)). Nonsynthetic is used as a synonym for natural.



C. Flavoring Adjuvants

Natural flavors must not contain any synthetic³ carrier systems or any artificial preservatives including synthetic³ processing aids, emulsifiers or antioxidants. Prohibited substances include but are not limited to: propylene glycol, polyglycerol esters of fatty acids, monoand di-glycerides, benzoic acid, polysorbate 80, medium chain triglycerides, BHT, BHA, triacetin, etc. All non-flavor components must be either organic, nonsynthetic2, or on the National List.

1)	Carrier system(s):			□ N/A
	Source Material:			_
	 a) If glycerin is a carrier/solvent, is it nonsynthe Yes Not applicable, glycerin not us b) If maltodextrin is a carrier, were enzymes particle. Yes Not applicable, maltodextrin not us c) If cellulose is a carrier, is it non-chlorine bleed Yes Not applicable, cellulose not us 	sed		
2)	Preservative/Other ingredient:			□ N/A
	Source Material:			
2)	a) Was citric acid produced by microbial fermo		tance?	
3)				_
	Source Material:			
Pui	Manufacturer Statement resuant to NOP 205.2, 205.105, and 205.605-606, form is accurate and truthful to the best of my known credited certifying agent shall be subject to the process.	nowledge. Note that per NOP 2	05.100(c)(2), any person falsifying stateme	
	anufacturer Representative Name blease print clearly)	Title	Email Address	
M	anufacturer Representative's Authorized	Signature (Digital, Ink, or	E-Verified) Date	

²Nonsynthetic (natural) (NOP 205.2). A substance that is derived from mineral, plant, or animal matter; does not undergo a synthetic process as defined in section 6502(21) of the Act (7 U.S.C. 6502(21)). Nonsynthetic is used as a synonym for natural. NOPB70, V2, R1, 02/16/2024 Page 2 of 2









³ Synthetic (NOP 205.2). A substance that is formulated or manufactured by a chemical process or by a process that chemically changes a substance extracted from naturally occurring plant, animal, or mineral sources; ...shall not apply to substances created by naturally occurring biological processes.



Exempt Handler Affidavit Instructions

- The CCOF-certified operation completes section A on the following page. This affidavit and any sample audit trail records will become part of the CCOF-certified operation's Organic System Plan (OSP).
- The uncertified handler completes sections B through F. If an exempt, uncertified handler works with multiple CCOF-certified operations, a separate Exempt Handler Affidavit (EHA) is required for each CCOF-certified operation as activities may vary.
- A new Exempt Handler Affidavit (EHA) is only required if there is any change in the future, including a change in activities or management of the exempt handler. An updated EHA may be requested by CCOF at any time.
- CCOF-certified operations will be billed an initial and annual fee for each Exempt Handler Affidavit (EHA), outlined in the CCOF Certification Services Program Manual. Refer to the table in section C. If an EHA is submitted but not required or approved by CCOF, billing does not apply.
- 5) Certification (not this affidavit) is required for any of the following:
 - a) Storage facilities or warehouses receiving organic product that is not in sealed, tamper-evident* packaging.
 - Storage facilities where unpackaged product is loaded or unloaded before being loaded into the next transport vehicle (transporter not required to be certified unless otherwise handling).
 - Broker, traders, wholesalers, or distributors who sell organic products that are not in sealed and tamper-evident* final retail packaging.
 - Importers of organic products into the United States.
 - Exporters of organic products for sale in the United States.
 - f) Private label or brand owners who purchase organic ingredients for their co-packers.
 - Private label or brand owners who sell organic products in nonretail packaging or sell finished organic products in packaging that is not sealed or tamper-evident* unless private label brand owner can demonstrate exemption.
 - Transporters and transloaders who pack, repack, treat, sort, open, enclose, label, or otherwise handle organic products. These activities are not considered transportation.
 - Transporters and transloaders who combine, split, or containerize organic products where the activity of combining, splitting, or containerizing is not contracted by a certified organic operation or is not described in a certified operation's Organic System Plan (OSP).
 - Brokers, traders, wholesalers, distributors, importers, private label brand owners, and storage facilities are considered handlers per NOP § 205.2 "Handle, Handler". Exemptions from certification requirements are outlined in NOP § 205.101 and Strengthening Organic Enforcement Final Rule section A.
- *Tamper-evident packaging is packaging or a container that is sealed in a manner where an attempt to break the seal, access the contents, or reclose the package would be obvious. For 205.101(e) exemption to apply, either the retail or nonretail package must be sealed and tamper-evident. For 205.101(f) exemption to apply, the retail package must be sealed and tamper-evident, the nonretail package is not relevant.
 - Examples of nonretail tamper-evident packaging: Produce boxes with "DO NOT TAMPER WITH" tape placed across box flaps, sealed bulk bags of flour, sealed drums or totes of olive oil.
 - Examples of retail tamper-evident packaging: Aseptically sealed jars, boxes of individually wrapped granola bars, clamshells with sticker closing the clamshell, zip-top produce bags sealed with sticker or strip that consumer must rip off to open, salad container with film top that must be ripped off to open, produce individually wrapped in plastic, mesh bags with a label that seals the bag and must be ripped off to open.
 - Examples of packaging that is NOT tamper-evident: Clamshells without a sticker closing the clamshell, unsealed zip-top bags, mesh bags with a closure that could be removed without damaging the packaging or label, produce with PLU label not enclosed in any packaging, baled hay.
- A helpful resource to determine if certification is required is CCOF's Organic Certification Self-Assessment.













Exempt Handler Affidavit

A. CCOF-Certified Operation

B. Uncertified Handler

The CCOF-certified operation completes section A.

1) Name of CCOF operation working with uncertified handler:

The uncertified handler completes sections B through F.

Describe the business relationship between your operation and the uncertified handler. Include the activities performed by the uncertified handler on your behalf

Unce	Uncertified handler operation name:					
Man	Manager/Owner name:					
Ema	il:					
Pho	ne: Website:					
Addı	ress:					
Des	cribe your role in the organic supply chain for the CCOF-certified operation named in section A.					
	Exemptions ertified Handler – Indicate the exemption that describes your operation, you may select more than on	e option:				
1)	☐ I operate a storage facility used by the CCOF-certified operation listed in section A to store product in sealed, tamper-evident packaging*. NOP § 205.101(e)	This form is required				
2)	☐ I am a broker, trader, wholesaler, or distributor who takes title or physical possession of organic products. Products are sealed in tamper-evident* final retail packaging and remain in that packaging while in my control. That product (retail labeled, sealed, tamper-evident*) is supplied to the CCOF-certified operation listed in section A. NOP § 205.101(f)	This form is required				
3)	☐ I am a private label or brand owner and the CCOF-certified operation packs organic products into my brand(s). I do not process products. NOP § 205.2 ("handle"), 205.101(b), 205.101(c), 205.101(e), 205.101(f)	This form may be required by CCOF				
4)	☐ I am a licensed customs broker who does not take ownership or physical possession of organic products. I do not sell, import, or trade organic products. NOP § 205.101(g)	This form is optional				
5)	☐ I am a logistics broker, e.g., freight forwarder. I arrange for movement and storage but do not take ownership or physical possession of organic products. I do not sell, import, or trade organic products. NOP § 205.101(h)	This form is optional				
6)	☐ I am a transporter or transloader and am only responsible for the transport of organic products. I do not store, pack, repack, treat, sort, open, enclose, label, or otherwise handle organic product. NOP § 205.2 ("handle")	This form is optional				
7)	☐ I am a transporter or transloader contracted/hired by a certified operation. I may combine, split or containerize organic products as contracted by the certified operation and described in their Organic System Plan (OSP). NOP § 205.2 ("handle")	This form is optional				
8)	☐ I facilitate sale or trade of unpackaged product and/or live animals. Certification may be required. NOP 205.2 ("handle")	This form is required				
9)	☐ Other, describe activities:	This form is required				

Where this form is noted as optional above, CCOF reserves the right to require the form to determine compliance with NOP § 205.101.



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D. Exemption Verification

Uncertified handler, complete this section. Answer these questions about the handling you perform for the CCOF-certified operation named in section A. If you work with other CCOF-certified operations, you will need to complete additional Exempt Handler Affidavits to describe the handling you perform for each operation. CCOF will review answers to determine if exemption applies.

		Yes	No				
1)	Do you handle unpackaged products? Examples: tankers, grain elevators or silos, bulk railcars/truckloads of unpackaged product, livestock.						
	Operations that store, sell, or otherwise handle unpackaged products must be certified. Transport of unpackaged products or livestock may not require certification, provided the certified operation's Organic System Plan describes transport practices and records.						
	a) If yes or unsure, describe:						
2)	Do you combine, split, or containerize organic products?						
	a) If yes or unsure, describe:						
3)	Do you relabel, repack, package, enclose, or apply any label that alters or obscures the original label or lot number/code? Repacking includes placing product into other packaging that displays organic claims.						
	a) If yes or unsure, describe:						
4)	Do you sort, recondition, cull, ice, hydro cool, hydro vacuum, or otherwise process organic product in any way?						
	a) If yes or unsure, describe:						
5)	Do you treat organic products or apply any substance to the organic product such as water, ethylene, sanitizers, pesticides, or controlled atmosphere treatment?						
	a) If yes or unsure, describe:						
6)	Does organic product ever contact cleaners, sanitizers, pest control materials, nonorganic products, water that has contacted nonorganic products, or other materials while under your control?						
	a) If yes or unsure, describe:						
7)	Do you import organic products into the United States?						
	a) If yes or unsure, describe:						
8)	Do you export organic products from a foreign country to the United States?						
	a) If yes or unsure, describe:						
9)	Is the organic product packaged or enclosed in a sealed, tamper-evident* container prior to being received or acquired by your operation, and does it remain in that same sealed, tamper-evident* container while under your control?						
	a) If yes, describe how packaging is sealed and tamper-evident* or attach a photo:						
	b) If no, describe:						
10)	How is the organic product labeled when you receive, acquire, or purchase it? Attach an example of product labeling						
	Product is in final retail labeling. Attach example label. Retail label = Labels affixed to containers intended to be purchased and carried home by a consumer (retail purchaser).						
	Product is labeled nonretail. Attach example label. Nonretail = Any container used to ship or store organic products, other than containers used for retail sale of the product. Nonretail labels must identify product as organic and display the lot number or other unique information that links to the audit trail records.						
	☐ Product is unlabeled bulk. Attach example signage. <i>Temporary signage must indicate organic status and include</i> ☐ Not applicable, I do not receive, acquire, or purchase the organic product, describe:	ot numb	er.				





		Yes	No			
11)	Do your audit trail records for each shipment include the information described in section E below? You may attach sample documents to demonstrate your system; all records must be provided to the CCOF-certified operation and will be verified during CCOF inspections. Your audit trail records must link back to the last certified organic operation.					
12)	Do you take physical possession of organic products; are organic products received at a location that you own or					
	lease?					
13)	Do you buy (take ownership/title), sell, or trade organic products, or facilitate the sale or trade of organic products on behalf of a seller or yourself?					
	Exemption 205.101(e) does not apply if you buy, sell, or trade organic products.					
	a) If you facilitate the sale or trade of organic products, describe:					
14)	Do you prepare organic products for shipment?					
17)	Preparing for shipment = putting packaged products into shipping containers, applying internal tracking numbers,					
	shrink-wrapping shipping cartons to a pallet, breaking down pallets of fully packaged products, adding protective packaging to nonretail containers, packing individual packaged products onto a shipping pallet, loading/unloading packaged products onto or from transport vehicles.	Ш	Ш			
	a) If yes, describe how you prepare products for shipment:					
15)	Transporter or transloader – Do you load or unload unpackaged products at uncertified locations?					
	Certification of location(s) where unpackaged products are loaded or unloaded is required. Transport of unpackaged products or livestock may not require certification, provided the certified operation's Organic System Plan describes transport practices and records.					
	☐ Not applicable, I am not a transporter or transloader.					
16)	Private label brand owner – Do you ever purchase ingredients sent to co-packers?					
	☐ Not applicable, I am not a private label brand owner					
	a) If yes, are purchased ingredients in sealed, tamper-evident, retail packaging?					
	No, purchased ingredients are nonretail packaged or not in tamper-evident packaging. Certification of label owner is required; certificate must list purchased ingredients.					
	☐ Yes. Attach example label.					
17)	Private label brand owner – Do you ever take physical possession of ingredients sent to co-packers?					
	☐ Not applicable, I am not a private label brand owner					
	a) If yes, are ingredients in sealed, tamper-evident packaging?					
	☐ No, ingredients are not in tamper-evident packaging. Certification of label owner as a storage facility is requir	ed.				
	☐ Yes. Attach photo showing how packaging is tamper-evident.					
18)	8) Private label brand owner – Attach any additional information including references to USDA NOP regulations or other regulations that you believe justify your activities as exempt from certification.					
	Certification may not be required if you qualify for exemption under 205.101(b), 205.101(e), 205.101(f), or do not perform any activities outlined in 205.2 "Handle."					
	☐ Not applicable, I am not a private label brand owner ☐ Attached					
10\	Storage facility – indicate the type of storage:					
19)	☐ Not applicable, I am not a storage facility ☐ Dry storage ☐ Cold storage ☐ Freezer storage					
	☐ Other, describe:					

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		163	NO
20)	Broker, trader, wholesaler, distributor		
	☐ Not applicable, I am not a broker		
	a) Describe how frequently you change organic suppliers:		

E. Audit Trail Records

Uncertified Handler - CCOF-certified operations may only work with exempt handlers who provide full traceability back to the last certified operation for each shipment. The following are required for traceability:

- Nonretail containers used to ship or store organic products must identify product as organic and display the production lot number. shipping identification, or other unique information that links to the audit trail records.
- 2) Purchase invoices, receipts, bills of lading (BOL), and other audit trail records must:
 - Designate products as organic AND
 - Include a description of the product, date of transaction, and amount transferred. You may strike out pricing information, provided organic status and quantity is legible.
- 3) Exempt handler records and the last certified operation's records must link:
 - The last certified operation that handled the product must be listed on exempt handler invoices/records AND/OR
 - Lot numbers applied by the last certified operation to nonretail containers must match lot numbers on exempt handler audit trail records AND
 - If product passes through multiple uncertified exempt operations in sequence, documents must trace product lot number through all uncertified operations back to the last certified handler.
- For each shipment, exempt handlers must provide a complete, current organic certificate for the last certified operation.
- Documents generated by the last certified operation proving purchase, delivery, and/or transfer to the exempt handler must be provided to the CCOF-certified operation.
 - Exempt handler audit trail records must link directly back to the last certified operation, including transport, storage, processing/handling, shipping, and/or distribution. Documents must show that organic integrity was maintained: organic products did not come into contact with nonorganic products or prohibited materials such as fumigants.
- 6) All certified suppliers must be approved by CCOF as part of the certified operation's Organic System Plan (OSP). Notify your CCOFcertified buyer prior to changing suppliers.

Exempt operations must maintain records per NOP § 205.101(i). CCOF-certified operations must maintain records per NOP § 205.103. If CCOF inspectors cannot track organic product back to the last certified operation, sourcing organic products from the exempt handler may be considered a noncompliance.

F. Exempt Handler Statement

I, the owner or legally authorized representative, attest that I am qualified to assess the validity of the statements in this affidavit and the statements are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge. Note that per NOP 205.100(c)(2), any person falsifying statements to an accredited certifying agent shall be subject to the provisions of section 1001 of title 18, United States Code.

I acknowledge the above requirements for audit trail records and disclosure to the CCOF-certified operation and understand that failure to meet the audit trail record requirements or disclose records to the CCOF-certified operation may be cause for CCOF to rescind approval of my operation as an approved exempt organic handler and may be cause for compliance action against the CCOF-certified entity.

Name (Manager/Owner of Exempt Handler)

Signature (Digital, Ink, or E-Verified)

Date

Visit www.ccof.org to apply for certification. Questions about the certification process? Email getcertified@ccof.org.

CCOF reserves the right to inspect any facility storing or handling organic product owned by a CCOF-certified operation per NOP 205.400(c). If the exempt handler misrepresents policies or procedures as stated on this affidavit or acts in a manner that might jeopardize organic integrity or tracking of the organic product, the CCOF- certified operation working with the exempt handler will be notified. The CCOF-certified operation will be held responsible for correcting any noncompliance issues. CCOF will report uncertified handlers who are handling organic products but are not exempt to the USDA NOP for investigation and potential civil penalties.

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Organic Claims on Websites and Other Marketing

Organic claims on websites, social media, and other marketing must be truthful and not misleading about the status of organic and nonorganic products. Websites and social media are considered market information and can be reviewed using NOP 205 Subpart D Market Information (205.300-311). As the regulations are more specific to package labeling, website review is often somewhat subjective. We review websites, social media, and other marketing using the following quidelines. We may purchase products online or subscribe to services to review online marketing. Operations who do not follow these guidelines may receive notices of Noncompliance.

What CCOF reviews:

- We review all websites for CCOF certified operations with online sales.
 - For web only E-commerce businesses, your website will be part of your Organic System Plan (OSP). Changes to organic product or business representation on the website must be disclosed to CCOF.
 - For businesses with physical and online sales, we review websites during annual inspections.
- We review any website or marketing information related to a complaint or investigation.
- We may review social media marketing including online ads and search engine results.
- We may review third party online stores or digital sales channels managed or established by the CCOF certified operation, such as Amazon marketplace stores.
- We may review other marketing such as customer-facing signs.
- Website, social media, and other marketing reviews of over one hour will be billed the rate for technical services per CCOF Certification Services Manual.
- We do not generally review sales channels that the CCOF certified operation does not manage, such as resellers or distributors.
- We do not generally review promotional materials such as T-shirts, cooking utensils and other marketing materials.

What CCOF looks for:

- We look for the word "organic" as well as the USDA Organic seal, CCOF's name, and CCOF's logo on webpages and other marketing, especially webpages where product can be ordered, including the "shopping cart".
- Where consumers can purchase products on your website, each individual product must have accurate, specific claims at the point of sale. A consumer must be able to determine whether a specific product is organic or not prior to purchase.
 - Listing an organic product on your website before CCOF has approved the product and added it to your organic certificate may be a Noncompliance.
- True statements about what is certified organic may be made on the website home page, other pages on your website, and other marketing. Claims must be specific and reflect what appears on the organic certificate.
 - Compliant example: "Our handling of all organic items is certified."

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- Noncompliant examples: "Organic ingredients" when not all ingredients sold are organic. "We strive to use organic ingredients," is a general claim that does not specifically disclose to consumers what is certified.
- Percentage statements are discouraged as they are potentially misleading and difficult to prove. If you make a statement about the percentage of organic products offered, your claim must be specific and either your website or OSP must explain how you calculate that percentage. Explanation not required if you calculate by weight or fluid volume as described in NOP 205.302.
 - Compliant example: "70% of the total number of products we purchase are organic. Actual quantity of organic ingredients in your delivery may be less than 70%."
 - Noncompliant example: "We strive for at least 70% organic ingredients." It is unclear to the consumer what percentage of ingredients they receive are organic.

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- You must be able to describe to a CCOF inspector how you verify organic claims. You may be required to include your verification process on your website and in your OSP.
 - Example of a compliant claim requiring verification: "We always source organic eggs."
- For web only E-commerce businesses:
 - As the website functions as retail labeling, "Certified Organic by CCOF" (or similar phrase) must appear on website at least once in legible font.

Use of the USDA Organic seal or CCOF logo:

- The USDA seal or CCOF logo may be used to represent your business as certified organic.
 - The USDA seal may be used only if you have at least one "Organic" or "100% Organic" product. The USDA seal must not be used if you only offer "Made with Organic..." products.
 - The CCOF logo may be used by any CCOF certified operation, including those that only offer "Made with Organic..." products.
 - If using both USDA seal and CCOF logo, the USDA seal should be more prominent.
- If you also offer nonorganic products, the USDA seal or CCOF logo must be accompanied by a clear and
 conspicuous explanation of what is certified. For websites, this includes use of the USDA seal or CCOF logo on
 the home/landing page as well as headers, footers, and navigation menus. The claim must be supported by your
 organic certificate.
 - A written statement of the claim must appear next to the USDA seal or CCOF logo even if there is a hyperlink to a separate page that more fully outlines the claim.
 - o The written statement must be legible and similar in size to the USDA seal font size.
 - When both USDA seal and CCOF logo are used, the written statement must appear near the USDA seal, at a minimum.
 - Pop-outs and hover-overs are not sufficient to explain the claim.
- If you offer organic and nonorganic products and individual products appear or can be purchased from a page (or a retail or restaurant display case) that displays the USDA seal, CCOF logo or other organic claim, the organic status of each product must be clear. Nonorganic product must be represented so that a reasonable person will not assume that a nonorganic product is organic. Examples of compliant use:
 - USDA seal in page header next to statement "Products below are all organic," all products on the page are certified organic. A separate page for nonorganic products does not include the USDA seal in page header.
 - Organic and nonorganic products are displayed on the same page, USDA seal next to individual organic products but not next to conventional products, no USDA seal in header.
 - USDA seal in page header next to statement "We offer both organic and nonorganic products," and
 "Organic" is written next to organic products but not nonorganic.
- When used in relation to specific products, including ordering pages or shopping carts, the USDA seal may only be used on "Organic" and "100% Organic" products.
- When the USDA seal or CCOF logo appears in an image or photo, all products or ingredients in that image must be eligible to display the seal/logo, i.e. be certified "100% Organic" or "Organic" (USDA seal), or certified as "Made with Organic…" (CCOF logo).
 - o If not all products or ingredients in the image are certified, neither USDA seal nor CCOF logo can be used unless there is a clear and conspicuous explanation of what is certified organic, as described above.
 - Compliant examples:
 - Prepared organic chicken wrap or prepared organic smoothie containing only certified organic ingredients, all disclosed within your OSP. The USDA or CCOF logo may be used without additional explanation.

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 Prepared or disassembled meal kit Salmon Veggie Bowl. All vegetables are organic, while salmon is not organic. USDA or CCOF logo may be used only if there is a clear and conspicuous claim attached (i.e. Proudly made with only Organic produce).

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